# BSD & Co.

#### **Chartered Accountants**

Branch Office Delhi: 810, 8th Floor, Antriksh Bhawan, 22 Kasturba Gandhi Marg, New Delhi-110001 (Delhi) Tel.: 011-43029888, Email id: delhi@bsdgroup.in Website: www.bsdgroup.in

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To The Members of Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited

#### Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and Notes to Standalone Financial Statement including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules,2015,as amended and accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2021, and profit (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### **Basis for Opinion:**

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw attention to note no. 46 to standalone financial statement which describes the Management's assessment of impact of outbreak of Covid-19 on business operations of the company. The Management of the company have concluded that no adjustments are required to be made in financial statements as it does not impact current financial year, however, various preventive measures taken by Government are still in force leading to highly uncertain economic environment, therefore, the Management's assessment of impact on subsequent period is highly dependent on situations/circumstances as they evolve.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit maters ("KAM") are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of the significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters

were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

#### **Description of Key Audit Matters**

Sr. No.	Key Audit Matters	How that matter was addressed in our audit report
1	Revenue recognition	
	The application of Ind AS 115 accounting standard involves certain key judgment's relating to identification of contracts with customer, identification of distinct performance obligations, determination of transaction price of the identified performance obligations, the appropriateness of the basis used to measure revenue recognised over a period. Additionally, new revenue accounting standard contains disclosures which involves collation of information in respect of disaggregated revenue and periods over which the remaining performance obligations will be satisfied subsequent to the balance sheet date.  Refer Note 25 to the Standalone Financial Statements	Our audit procedure on revenue recognition from real estate projects included:  • Selecting sample to identify contracts with customers, identifying separate performance obligation in the contracts, determination of transaction price and allocating the transaction price to separate performance obligation.  • On selected samples, we tested that the revenue recognition is in accordance with accounting standards by  i) Reading, analyzing and identifying the distinct performance obligations in real estate projects.  ii) Comparing distinct performance obligations in real estate projects.  iii) Reading terms of agreement to determine transaction price including variable consideration to verify transaction price used to recognize revenue.  iv) Performing, analytical procedures to verify reasonableness of revenue accounted by the Company.
2	Pending Income Tax cases	•
3	The Company has pending income tax cases involving tax demands which involves significant judgment to determine possible outcome of these cases.  Refer Note 35 to the Standalone Financial Statements	We obtained details of all pending income tax matters involving tax demands on the Company and discussed with the Company's in house tax team regarding sustainability of Company's claim before various income tax/appellate authorities on matters under litigation. The in-house tax team of the company relied upon past legal and other rulings, submissions made by them during various hearings held; which was taken in consideration by us to evaluate Management position on these tax demands.
3	Liability for Non-performance of real	
,	estate agreements/ civil law suits against the Company	5
		* ***
	The Company may be liable to pay	We obtained details/ list of pending civil cases le

damages/ interest for specific nonperformance of certain real estate agreements, civil cases preferred against the Company for specific performance of the land agreement, the liability on account of these, if any have not been estimated and disclosed as contingent liability. and also reviewed on sample basis real estate agreements, to ascertain damages on account of non-performance of those agreement and discussed with the legal team of the Company to evaluate Management position.

Refer Note 35 to the Standalone Financial Statements

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# Overdue deferred payment liabilities in respect of purchase of land/ development charges to be paid to various state authorities

The Company owes overdue deferred payments liabilities in respect of purchase of land and also for development charges to be paid to various state authorities. As per the terms and conditions of agreement entered into between the Company and state authorities, non-payment of such liabilities invokes various penalties, charges and interest including cancellation of land allotment, therefore, considering as a key audit matter. These liabilities form part of current trade payables in note 21 and also in current financial liabilities in note no 22.

- We had discussed the matter of overdue liabilities to various state authorities and understood Management process for provision of interest.
- The Company has accounted for interest on delayed payment to various authorities.
- We read terms and conditions of agreement and found that financial charges as per agreement were provided for in the book of accounts.
- The Management is of the opinion that other terms and conditions including revocation/ cancellation of allotment will not be initiated by any authority in public interest.

#### 5 Inventories

4

The company's inventories comprise mainly of land, completed real estate projects, projects in progress, construction work in progress and building materials and consumables.

The inventories are carried at lower of cost and net realizable value (NRV). NRV of completed property is assessed by reference to market price existing at the reporting date and based on comparable transactions made by the company and/or identified by the company for properties in same geographical area. NRV of properties under construction is assessed with reference to market value of completed property as at the reporting date less estimated cost to complete.

The carrying value of inventories is significant part of the total assets of the company and involves significant estimates and judgments in assessment of NRV. Accordingly, it has been considered as key audit matter.

Our audit procedures to assess the net realizable value (NRV) of the inventories include the following:

 We had discussions with Management to understand Management's process and methodology to estimate NRV, including key assumptions used and we also verified project wise un-sold area and recent sale prices and also estimated cost of construction to complete projects.



## 6 Recognition and measurement of deferred tax assets

Under Ind AS, the company is required to reassess recognition of deferred tax asset at each reporting date. The company has deferred tax assets in respect of brought forward losses and other temporary differences, as set out in Notes 6 and 33 to the Standalone Financial Statements.

The company's deferred tax assets in respect of brought forward business losses are based on the projected profitability. This is determined on the basis of business plans demonstrating availability of sufficient taxable income to utilize such brought forward business loss.

We have identified recognition of deferred tax assets as key audit matter because of the related complexity and subjectivity of the assessment process. The assessment process is based on assumptions affected by expected future market or economic conditions.

Our Audit procedures include:

- Obtaining the business plans, projected profitability statements for the existing ongoing projects.
- Evaluating the design and testing the operating effectiveness of controls over quarterly assessment of deferred tax balances and underlying data.
- We tested the computations of amount and tax rate used for recognition of deferred tax assets.
- We verified the disclosures made by the company in respect of deferred tax assets.

#### Other Information

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Results

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and purely; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that we have been accounted.

effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, Management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Board of Director either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Results

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure I" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit, we report that:
  - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Cash Flow and the Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
  - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
  - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
  - f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure-II". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
  - g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act:

    In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us no remuneration was paid by the company to its directors during the year.



- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements.
  - ii. The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
  - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For **BSD & Co** 

Chartered Accounta

Partner

Membership No: 087919

UDIN: 21087919AAAAFR9867

New Delhi

Place: New Delhi Date: 28th June 2021

#### Annexure I to Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under "Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements section of our report to the members of Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited of even date)

- i. (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of the fixed assets.
  - (b) The fixed assets have been physically verified by the Management at the reasonable intervals, which in our opinion, is considered reasonable having regard to the size of the company and the nature of its assets.
  - (c) In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us, the company does not hold any immovable property.
- The inventory includes land, completed real estate projects, projects in progress, construction work in progress and building materials and consumables. Physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the Management and discrepancies noticed which were not material in nature have been properly dealt with in the books of accounts.
- According to the information and explanation given to us, during the year the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firm, or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013
- iv. In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public.
- vi. We have broadly reviewed the books of accounts maintained by the Company pursuant to the Rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of Cost Records under section 148 of the Act, and are of opinion that prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained, however, we have not made the detailed examination of such cost records.
- vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, in respect of statutory dues:
  - i. Amounts deducted/ accrued in the books of accounts in respect of undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employee state insurance, income tax, duty of customs, Cess, Goods and Service Tax (GST) and other material statutory dues have not been regularly deposited during the year by the company with the appropriate authorities
  - ii. No undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, employees' state insurance, income Tax, duty of customs, Cess, Goods & Service Tax (GST) and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31st March 2021 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
  - iii. There are no material dues of income tax, duty of custom, or duty of excise, or value added tax, Cess or Goods & Service Tax (GST) which have no Been

deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute except the following:

Name of Statutes	Nature of Dues	Financial Year to which the matter pertains	Forum where dispute is pending	Amount Outstanding (Rs.)
Finance Act, 1994	Service Tax	2011-12 to 2014- 15	CESTAT	5,13,05,582
Finance Act, 1994	Service Tax	2015-16 to 2016- 17	CESTAT	3,82,29,669
Income Tax Act,1961	Income Tax	2016-17	CIT (A)	49,36,716

- viii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to banks, financial institutions and debenture holders as at the balance sheet date. There are no debenture holders.
- ix. According to the information and explanations given to us, the term loans were generally applied for the purpose for which those are raised. The Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year.
- x. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- xi. According to the information and explanations given to us, no managerial remuneration has been paid or provided during the year.
- xii. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company as prescribed under Section 406 of the Act. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of Act, where applicable and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.

xvi. According to information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under Section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For BSD & Co

Chartered Accountants & Firm's Registration 800000312

Sujata Sharma Partner

Membership No: 087919

UDIN: 21087919AAAAFR9867

New Delhi

Place: New Delhi Date: 28th June 2021

#### Annexure II to Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited**("the Company") as at 31 March 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company.

### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- (a) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (b) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of Management and directors of the company; and
- (c) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements.

#### Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper Management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by ICAI.

For BSD & Co

Chartered Accountants C Firm's Registration No. 2003 128

Sujata Sharm

Membership No: 087919

UDIN: 21087919AAAAFR9867

Place: New Delhi Date: 28<sup>th</sup> June 2021

(Formerly Known as Omaxe Chandigarh Extension Developers Private Limited)

Regd. Office:10, Local Shopping Centre, Kalkaji New Delhi-110019

CIN: U00500DL2006PTC336617

#### BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

			(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	Note No.	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
) Property, Plant and Equipment	1	23,820,100.17	27,344,802.80
) Other Intangible Asset	2	-	13,773.07
) Financial Assets			,
i) Investments	3	8,900,000.00	8,900,000.00
ii) Loans	4	15,000,433.00	14,871,433.00
iii) Other Financial Assets	5	185,958.00	383,346.00
) Deferred Tax Assets (net)	6	278,712,603.00	319,223,204.00
Non-Current Tax Assets (net)		83,838,777.13	128,280,020.0-
Other Non-Current Assets	7	6,941,862.04	12,012,941.97
		417,399,733.34	511,029,520.94
Current Assets		117,077,700.04	311,027,320.94
) Inventories	8	16,044,893,253.24	14,435,560,105.79
) Financial Assets		10,0 14,000,20.24	14,455,500,105.75
i) Trade Receivables	9	429,670,935.04	457 DOE DOE 77
ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	10	169,442,899.05	457,005,985.77
iii) Other Bank Balances	11	31,852,917.25	37,719,953.73
iv) Loans	12	3,932,418,333.00	35,374,984.60
v) Other Financial Assets	13		3,934,187,871.63
Other Current Assets	14	3,189,161,444.34	2,696,276,032.08
	14	550,776,512.90 24,348,216,294.82	804,651,112.42
TOTAL ASSETS		24,765,616,028.16	22,400,776,046.02
		24,703,010,028.10	22,911,805,566.96
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity Share Capital	15	500,000,000.00	500,000,000.00
Other Equity		(493,167,136.36)	(571,458,503.39
		6,832,863.64	(71,458,503.39
Liabilities			(11,100,000.0)
Non-Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
i) Borrowings	16	2,870,731,562.45	2,991,860,194.34
ii) Trade Payables	17	<b>3</b> ,070,731,302.10	2,551,000,154.54
Total outstanding dues of micro			
enterprises and small enterprises			
•		=	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors			
other than micro enterprises and small			
enterprises		450,020,115.67	1,128,756,424.63
iii) Other Financial Liabilities	18	277,235,188.98	69,281,513.48
Other Non-Current Liabilities	19	181,224.24	1,323,762.72
Provisions	20	21,307,496.00	22,239,249.00
		3,619,475,587.34	4,213,461,144.17

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#### Current liabilities

#### a) – Financial Liabilities

	i) Trade Payables	21		
	Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises  Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small		39,712,208.00	51,409,789.00
	enterprises		1,670,657,960.71	1,256,699,385.88
	ii) Other Financial Liabilities	22	8,070,522,344.51	7,732,249,929.35
b)	Other Current Liabilities	23	11,357,372,816.96	9,728,993,714.95
c)	Provisions	24	1,042,247.00	450,107.00
	Prof. Communication of the Com		21,139,307,577.18	18,769,802,926.18
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		24,765,616,028.16	22,911,805,566.96
	Significant accounting policies	Λ		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of standalone financial statements. As per our audit report of even date attached

For and on behalf of

Notes on financial statements

For and on behalf of board of directors

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(Regn. No. -000312S)

Chartered Accountage

Sujata Sharma Od Account Kamul Kishore Gupta

Partner Director
M.No. 087919 DIN:02180278

Bhupendra Singh

side on.

Chief Executive Officer/Director DIN:02548347

Place: New Delhi Date: 28 June 2021

Serve Mitter Kamboj Chief Finance Officer Richa Bhardwaj Company Secretary

(Formerly Known as Omaxe Chandigarh Extension Developers Private Limited)

Regd. Office:10, Local Shopping Centre, Kalkaji New Delhi-110019

CIN: U00500DL2006PTC336617

#### STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	NI NI-		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	Note No.	Year Ended 31 March 2021	Year Ended 31 March 2020
REVENUE			
Revenue from Operations	25	623,867,606.91	1,693,167,588.25
Other Income	26	17,006,136.90	48,793,751.30
TOTAL INCOME		640,873,743.81	1,741,961,339.55
EXPENSES			
Cost of Material Consumed, Construction & Other Related Project			
Cost	27	1,718,528,596.95	1,767,037,295.15
Changes in Inventories of Finished Stock & Projects in Progress	28	(1,253,199,029.22)	(256,006,418.32)
Employee Benefits Expense	29	(5,881,845.00)	21,360,229.96
Finance Costs	30	19,283,239.81	63,627,468.84
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	31	2,925,351.34	3,600,059.17
Other Expenses	32	43,965,784.40	80,813,798.68
TOTAL EXPENSES		525,622,098.28	1,680,432,433.48
Profit Before Tax		115,251,645.53	61,528,906.07
Tax Expense	33	39,681,706.50	185,320,692.00
Profit/(Loss) For The Year(A)		75,569,939.03	(123,791,785.93)
Other Comprehensive Income			
1) Items that will not be reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss			
Remeasurements of the Net Defined Benefit Plans		3,636,814.00	(4,518,828.00)
Tax On Remeasurements of The Net Defined Benefit Plans - Actuari	al Gain or Loss	(915,386.00)	1,137,389.00
Total Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)(B)		2,721,428.00	(3,381,439.00)
Total Comprehensive Income for the year comprising of profit/(lo	oss) for the year and		
other comprehensive income) (A+B)	, ,	78,291,367.03	(127,173,224.93)
Earning Per Equity Share-Basic & Diluted (In Rupees)	34	1.51	(2.48)
Significant accounting policies	Α		
Notes on financial statements	1-48		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of standalone financial statements.

As per our audit report of even date attached

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For and on behalf of

BSD&Co.

(Regn. No. -0003125) Chartered Accountants

Place: New Delhi

Date: 28 June 2021

Partner

M.No. 087919

For and on behalf of board of directors

Kamal Kishore Gupta

Director

DIN:02180278

Serve Mitter Kamboj Chief Finance Officer

Bhupendra Singh

superdr

Chief Executive Officer/Director

DIN:02548347

Richa Bhardwaf

Company Secretary

(Formerly Known as Omaxe Chandigarh Extension Developers Private Limited)

Regd. Office:10, Local Shopping Centre, Kalkaji New Delhi-110019

CEN: U00500DL2006PTC336617

#### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

A. Equity Share Capital

Particulars	Numbers	(Amount in Rupees)	
Balance as at 1 April 2019 Changes in equity share capital during 2019-20	50,000,000	500,000,000.00	
Balance as at 31 March 2020	50,000,000	500,000,000.00	
Balance as at 1 April 2020 Changes in equity share capital during 2020-21	50,000,000	500,000,000.00	
Balance as at 31 March 2021	50,000,000	500,000,000.00	

#### B. Other Equity

(Amount in Rupass)

	T			(Amount in Rupees)	
	Attribut	table to owners of Omaxe New Cha	ndigarh Developers Private L	imited	
	Rese	rves and Surplus	Other Comprehensive Income		
Description	Retained Earnings	ed Earnings General Reserve Remeasurem Benefit C		Total Other Equity	
Balance as at 1 April 2019	(451,614,154.26)	10,000,000.00	(2,671,124.20)	(444,285,278.46)	
Profit for the year	(123,791,785.93)		-	(123,791,785.93)	
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	(3,381,439.00)	(3,381,439.00)	
Balance as at 31 March 2020	(575,405,940.19)	10,000,000.00	(6,052,563.20)	(571,458,503.39)	
Balance as at 1 April 2020 Profit/(loss) for the year Other Comprehensive Income	(575,405,940.19) 75,569,939.03	10,000,000.00	(6,052,563.20)	(571,458,503.39) 75,569,939.03	
Balance as at 31 March 2021	(499,836,001.16)	10,000,000.00	2,721,428.00 (3,331,135.20)	2,721,428.00 (493,167,136.36)	

The notes referred to above form an integral part of financial statements.

As per our audit report of even date attached

For and on behalf of

BSD&Co.

(Regn. No. -000312) Chartered Accou

Sujata Sharma

Partner

M.No. 087919

For and on behalf of board of directors

Kishore Gupta

Director

DIN:02180278

Bhupendra Singh

side6-dn

Chief Executive Officer/Director

DIN:02548347

Place: New Delhi Date: 28 June 2021

Chief Finance Officer

Richa Bhardwaj

Company Secretary

(Formerly Known as Omaxe Chandigarh Extension Developers Private Limited) Regd. Office:10, Local Shopping Centre, Kalkaji New Delhi-110019 CIN: U00500DL2006PTC336617

#### Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31,2021

	¥7 = 1 1	(Amount in Rupees
Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2021	Year Ended 31 March 2020
A. Cash flow from operating activities		31 Water 2020
Profit for the year before tax	115,251,645.53	61,528,906.07
Adjustments for:	220,202,010,00	01,320,700.07
Depreciation and amortization expense	8,106,606.42	8,987,617.49
Interest income	(10,156,954.90)	(26,495,414.67
Interest and finance charges	853,087,699.56	967,967,830.67
Liabilities no longer required to be written off	(1,809,467.18)	(5,169,775.03
Bad Debts and advances written off	687.02	(3,109,773.03
Provision for doubtful debts, deposits and advances		804,662.00
Loss/(Profit) on sale of fixed assets	(53,712.60)	
Operating profit before working capital changes	964,426,503.85	508,288.10
Adjustments for working capital	704,420,303.83	1,008,132,962.06
Non Current Loans	(120,000,00)	(1.2(1.120.05
Other Non current assets	(129,000.00)	(4,264,128.95
Inventories	5,071,079.93	8,100,352.79
Trade receivables	(1,609,333,147.45)	(412,589,430.95
Current Loans	27,335,050.73	142,436,298.81
Current Other financial assets	1,774,792.27	89,605,425.81
Other current Assets	(492,937,376.17)	(34,210,496.00
Trade payables and other financial and non financial liabilities	253,873,912.50	(457,231,364.36
	2,128,973,948.89	1,637,793,021.97
Net cash flow from(used in) operating activities	314,629,260.70	969,639,679.12
Direct tax (paid)/refund	1,279,055,764.55	1,977,772,641.18
Net cash generated from/(used in) Operating activities (A)	44,354,751.41	(11,314,398.88
- The cash generated from (used in) Operating activities (A)	1,323,410,515.96	1,966,458,242.30
3 Cash flow from investing activities		
Purchase of fixed assets (including Capital work in progress)	(5,030,367.06)	(9,750,953.39)
Sale of fixed asset	515,949.00	3,987,347.00
Interest received	9,017,707.75	29,892,529.28
Movement in fixed deposit(net)	3,719,099.35	(13,613,790.76)
Net cash generated from /(used in) investing activities (B)	8,222,389.04	10,515,132.13
-		
Cash flow from financing activities		
Interest and finance charges paid	(622,985,925.80)	(870,160,308.50)
Borrowing(net)	(576,924,033.88)	(1,195,314,749.88)
Net cash (used in)/generated from Financing activities (C)	(1,199,909,959.68)	(2,065,475,058.38)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	131,722,945.32	(88,501,683.95)
Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents	37 710 052 72	127 201 727 70
Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents	37,719,953.73	126,221,637.68
o	169,442,899.05	37,719,953.73



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		(Amount in Rupees)	
FOR THE YEAR ENDED	Year Ended	Year Ended 31-Mar-20	
	31-Mar-21		
COMPONENTS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Cash on hand	1,187,794.00	855,585.00	
Balance with banks	135,599,853.11	34,606,181.73	
Cheques on hand	32,655,251.94	2,258,187.00	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the			
year	169,442,899.05	37,719,953.73	

#### RECONCILIATION STATEMENT OF CASH AND BANK BALANCES

		(Amount in Rupces)	
FOR THE YEAR ENDED	Year Ended	Year Ended	
	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20	
Cash and eash equivalents at the end of the year as per above	169,442,899.05	37,719,953.73	
Add: Fixed deposits with banks (lien marked)	31,852,917.25	35,374,984.60	
Cash and bank balances as per balance sheet (refer note 10 & 11)	201,295,816.30	73,094,938.33	

#### DISCLOSURE AS REQUIRED BY IND AS 7

Opening Balance	Cash flows	Non Cash and other Changes	(Amount in Rupees) Closing balance	
4,698,105,644.49	(576,924,033.88)	261,528,822.45	4,382,710,433.06	
4,698,105,644.49	(576,924,033.88)	261,528,822.45	4,382,710,433.06	
	4,698,105,644.49	4,698,105,644.49 (576,924,033.88)	4,698,105,644.49 (576,924,033.88) 261,528,822.45	

				(Amount in Rupees)	
31-Mar-20	Opening Balance	Cash flows	Non Cash and other Changes	Closing balance	
Long term secured borrowings	5,778,926,208.95	(1,195,314,749.88)	114,494,185.42	4,698,105,644.49	
Total liabilities from financial activities	5,778,926,208.95	(1,195,314,749.88)	114,494,185.42	4,698,105,644.49	

Note:- Depreciation includes amount charged to cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost. As per our audit report of even date attached

For and on behalf of

BSD&Co.

(Regn. No. -0003128)

Chartered Acco

Partner

M.No. 087919

Cer Accoun

Place: New Delhi Date: 28 June 2021 For and on behalf of board of directors

Kamai Kishore Gupta

Director

DIN:02180278

Serve Mixer Kambo

Chief Finance Officer

Bhupendra Singh

Chief Executive Officer/Director

DIN:02548347

Richa Bhardu

Company Secretary

#### A Significant Accounting Policies:

#### 1 Corporate information

Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited ("The Company") is a subsidiary company of Omaxe Limited.Registered address of the Company is 10,Local Shopping Centre,Kalkaji New Delhi-110019.

The company is into the real estate business.

#### 2 Significant Accounting Policies:

#### (i) Basis of Preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 ('Ind AS') issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA'). The Company has uniformly applied the accounting policies during the period presented.

#### (ii) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of returns and discounts to customers.

#### (a) Real estate projects

The company derives revenue from execution of real estate projects. Revenue from Real Estate project is recognised in accordance with Ind AS 115 which establishes a comprehensive framework in determining whether how much and when revenue is to be recognised.

Revenue from real estate projects are recognised upon transfer of control of promised real estate property to customer at an amount that reflects the consideration which the company expects to receive in exchange for such booking and is based on following 6 steps:

#### 1. Identification of contract with customers

The company accounts for contract with a customer only when all the following criteria are met:

- Parties (i.e. the company and the customer) to the contract have approved the contract (in writing, orally or in accordance with business practices) and are committed to perform their respective obligations.
- The company can identify each customer's right regarding the goods or services to be transferred.
- The company can identify the payment terms for the goods or services to be transferred.
- The contract has commercial substance (i.e. risk, timing or amount of the company's future cash flow is expected to change as a result of the contract) and
- It is probable that the company will collect the consideration to which it will be entitled in exchange for the goods or services that will be transferred to the customer. Consideration may not be the same due to discount rate etc.

#### 2. Identify the separate performance obligation in the contract:-

Performance obligation is a promise to transfer to a customer:

- Goods or services or a bundle of goods or services i.e. distinct or a series of goods or services that are substantially the same and are transferred in the same way.
- If a promise to transfer goods or services is not distinct from goods or services in a contract, then the goods or services are combined in a single performance obligation.
- The goods or services that is promised to a customer is distinct if both the following criteria are met:
- The customer can benefit from the goods or services either on its own or together with resources that are readily available to the customer (i.e. The goods or services are capable of being distinct) and
- The company's promise to transfer the goods or services to the customer is separately identifiable from the other promises in the contract (i.e The goods or services are distinct within the context of the contract).

3. Satisfaction of the performance obligation:-

The company recognizes revenue when (or as) the company satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised goods or services to the customer.

The real estate properties are transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of Property.

#### 4 Determination of transaction price:-

The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to customer excluding GST.

The consideration promised in a contract with a customer may include fixed amount, variable amount or both. In determining transaction price, the company assumes that goods or services will be transferred to the customer as promised in accordance with the existing contract and the contract can't be cancelled, renewed or modified

5 Allocating the transaction price to the performance obligation:-

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The allocation of the total price to various performance obligation are done based on their standalone selling prices, the stand alone selling price is the price at which he commany would sell promised goods and vervices separately obtained by

6. Recognition of revenue when (or as) the company satisfies a performance obligation:

Performance obligation is satisfied over time or at a point in time.

Performance obligation is satisfied over time if one of the criteria out of the following three is met:

- The customer simultaneously receives and consumes a benefit provided by the company's performance as the company performs.
- The company's performance creates or enhances an asset that a customer controls as asset is created or enhanced.
- The company's performance doesn't create an asset within an alternative use to the company and the company has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Therefore the revenue recognition for a performance obligation is done over time if one of the criteria is met out of the above three else revenue recognition for a performance obligation is done at point in time.

The company disaggregate revenue from real estate projects on the basis of nature of revenue.

#### (b) Project Management Fee

Project Management fee is accounted as revenue upon satisfaction of performance obligation as per agreed terms.

#### (c) Interest Income

Interest due on delayed payments by customers is accounted on accrual basis.

#### (d)Income from trading sales

Revenue from trading activities is accounted as revenue upon satisfaction of performance obligation.

#### (e) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the payment is established.

#### (iii) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing cost that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of a qualifying asset (including real estate projects) are considered as part of the cost of the asset/project. All other borrowing costs are treated as period cost and charged to the statement of profit and loss in the year in which incurred.

#### (iv) Property, Plant and Equipment

#### Recognition and initial measurement

Properties, plant and equipment are stated at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost, if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in statement of profit or loss as incurred.

#### Subsequent measurement (depreciation and useful lives)

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is provided on written down value method based on the useful life of the asset as specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The management estimates the useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except in the case of steel shuttering and scaffolding, whose life is estimated as five years considering obsolescence.

#### De-recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognized.

#### (v) Intangible Assets

#### Recognition and initial measurement

Intangible assets are stated at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost, if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

#### Subsequent measurement (amortization and useful lives)

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Intangible assets comprising of ERP & other computer software are stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated amortization and are amortised over a period of four years on straight line method.

#### (vi) Impairment of Non Financial Assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction-iscreated as an impairment loss and is recognized by the statement of profit and loss.

The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

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#### (vii) Financial Instruments

#### (a) Financial assets

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument and are measured initially at fair value adjusted for transaction costs

#### Subsequent measurement

- (1) Financial instruments at amortised cost the financial instrument is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:
- (a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- (b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. All other debt instruments are measured at Fair Value through other comprehensive income or Fair value through profit and loss based on Company's business model.

- (2) Equity investments All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are generally classified as at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL). For all other equity instruments, the Company decides to classify the same either as at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) or fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL). The Company makes such election on an instrument by instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.
- (3) Mutual funds All mutual funds in scope of Ind-AS 109 are measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL).

#### De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is primarily de-recognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset.

#### (b) Financial liabilities

#### Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and transaction cost that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial liabilities are also adjusted. These liabilities are classified as amortised cost.

#### Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition, these liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. These liabilities include borrowings and deposits.

#### De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or on the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

#### (c) Compound financial instrument

Compound financial instrument are separated into liability and equity components based on the terms of the contract. On issuance of the said instrument, the liability component is arrived by discounting the gross sum at a market rate for an equivalent non-convertible instrument. This amount is classified as a financial liability measured at amortised cost until it is extinguished on conversion or redemption. The remainder of the proceeds is recognised as equity component of compound financial instrument. This is recognised and included in shareholders' equity, net of Income tax effects, and not subsequently re-measured.

#### (d) Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified party fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of expected loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind-AS 109 and the amount recognised less cumulative amortization.

#### (e) Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. Note 43 details how the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables only, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

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#### (f) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### (viii) Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell as asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient date are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs:

- · Level 1- Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- •Level 2- Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3- Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfer have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosure, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

#### (ix) Inventories and Projects in progress

#### (a) Inventories

- (i) Building material and consumable stores are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the basis of the 'First in First out' method.
- (ii) Land is valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on average method. Cost includes cost of acquisition and all related costs.
- (iii) Construction work in progress is valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes cost of materials, services and other related overheads related to project under construction.
- (iv) Completed real estate project for sale is valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes cost of land, materials, construction, services and other related overheads.
- (v) Stock in trade is valued at lower of cost and net realisable value.

#### (b) Projects in progress

Projects in progress are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes cost of land, development rights, materials, construction, services, borrowing costs and other overheads relating to projects.

#### (x) Foreign currency translation

#### (a) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in currency INR, which is also the functional currency of the Company.

#### (b) Foreign currency transactions and balances

- i. Foreign currency transactions are recorded at exchange rates prevailing on the date of respective transactions.
- ii. Financial assets and financial liabilities in foreign currencies existing at balance sheet date are translated at year-end rates.
- iii. Foreign currency translation differences related to acquisition of imported fixed assets are adjusted in the carrying amount of the related fixed assets. All other foreign currency gains and losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

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#### (xi) Retirement benefits

- i. Contributions payable by the Company to the concerned government authorities in respect of provident fund, family pension fund and employee state insurance are charged to the statement of profit and loss.
- ii. The Company is having Group Gratuity Scheme with Life Insurance Corporation of India. Provision for gratuity is made based on actuarial valuation in accordance with Ind AS-19.
- iii. Provision for leave encashment in respect of unavailed leave standing to the credit of employees is made on actuarial basis in accordance with Ind AS-19.
- iv. Actuarial gains/losses resulting from re-measurements of the liability/asset are included in other comprehensive income.

#### (xii) Provisions, contingent assets and contingent liabilities

A provision is recognized when:

- · the Company has a present obligation as a result of a past event;
- it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

#### (xiii) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the Net Profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the Net Profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity share.

#### (xiv) Lease

The Company has applied Ind AS 116 w.e.f 01.04.2019. In accordance with INDAS 116, The company recognises right of use assets representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term at the lease commencement date. The cost of right of use asset measured at inception shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before commencement date less any lease incentive received plus any initial direct cost incurred and an estimate of cost to be incurred by lessee in dismantling and removing underlying asset or restoring the underlying asset or site on which it is located. The right of use asset is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for any re-measurement of lease liability. The right of use assets is depreciated using the Straight Line Method from the commencement date over the charter of lease term or useful life of right of use asset. The estimated useful life of right of use assets are determined on the same basis as those of Property, Plant and Equipment. Right of use asset are tested for impairment whenever there is any indication that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Impairment loss, if any, is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

The company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the company uses incremental borrowing rate.

The lease liability is subsequently re-measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made and re-measuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modification or to reflect revised-in-substance fixed lease payments. The company recognises amount of re-measurement of lease liability due to modification as an adjustment to write off use asset and statement of profit and loss depending upon the nature of modification. Where the carrying amount of right of use assets is reduced to zero and there is further reduction in measurement of lease liability, the company recognises any remaining amount of the re-measurement in Statement of Profit and Loss.

The company has elected not to apply the requirements of INDAS 116 to short term leases of all assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less unless renewable on long term basis and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognised as an expense over lease term.

#### (xv) Income Taxes

i. Provision for current tax is made based on the tax payable under the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit and loss is recognised outside profit and loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity)

ii. Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

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The carrying amount of Deferred tax liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period. sibligh A -

#### (xvi) Cash and Cash Equivalent

Cash and Cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprises cash at bank and cash on hand, demand deposits and short term deposits which are subject to an insignificant change in value.

The amendment to Ind A8-7 requires entities to provide disclosure of change in the liabilities—arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash—changes (such as foreign exchange gain or loss). The Company has provided information for—both current and comparative period in cash flow statement.

## (xvii Significant management judgement in applying accounting policies and estimation of uncertainty Significant management judgements

When preparing the financial statements, management undertakes a number of judgements, estimates and assumptions about the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

#### Estimation of uncertainty related to Global Health Pandemic from COVID-19

The Company has assessed the possible effects that may result from the pandemic relating to COVID-19 on the carrying amounts of Receivables, Inventories, Investments and other assets & liabilities. In Considering the assessment, the company has considered internal information and is highly dependent on estimates and circumstances as they evolve.

#### (a) Recognition of deferred tax assets

The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognized is based on an assessment of the probability of the Company's future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized.

#### Estimation of uncertainty

#### (a) Recoverability of advances/receivables

At each balance sheet date, based on historical default rates observed over expected life, the management assesses the expected credit loss on outstanding receivables and advances.

#### (b) Defined benefit obligation (DBO)

Management's estimate of the DBO is based on a number of critical underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, medical cost trends, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may significantly impact the DBO amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.

#### (c) Provisions

At each balance sheet date on the basis of management judgment, changes in facts and legal aspects, the Company assesses the requirement of provisions against the outstanding warranties and guarantees. However the actual future outcome may be different from this judgement.

#### (d) Inventories

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value (NRV).

NRV for completed inventory is assessed including but not limited to market conditions and prices existing at the reporting date and is determined by the Company based on net amount that it expects to realise from the sale of inventory in the ordinary course of business

NRV in respect of inventories under construction is assessed with reference to market prices (by referring to expected or recent selling price) at the reporting date less estimated costs to complete the construction, and estimated cost necessary to make the sale. The costs to complete the construction are estimated by management

#### (e) Lease

The Company evaluates if an arrangement qualifies to be a lease as per the requirements of INDAS 116. Identification of a lease requires significant judgement. The company uses significant judgement in assessing the lease term (including anticipated renewals) and the applicable discount rate.

The company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable period of lease, together with both periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the company is reasonably certain to exercise that option and periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the company is reasonably certain not to exercise that option. In exercise whether the company is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend a lease or to exercise an option to terminate the lease, it considers all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the company to exercise the option to extend the lease or to exercise the option to terminate the lease. The company revises lease term, if there is change in non-cancellable period of lease. The discount rate used is generally based on incremental borrowing rate.

#### (f) Fair value measurements

Management applies valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments (where active market quotes are not available) and non-financial assets. This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument / assets. Management bases its assumptions on observable date as far as possible but this may not always be available. In that case Management uses the best relevant information available. Estimated fair values may vary from the actual prices that would be achieved in an arm's length transaction at the reporting date.

(g) Classification of assets and liabilities into current and non-current

The Management classifier assets and liabilities into current and non-current categories based on its operating c

Particulars	Plant and Machinery	Office Equipments	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicles	Computer and Printers	Total
Gross carrying amount		zquipments	- Intiles		and I inites	
Balance as at 1 April 2019	26,751,695.33	3,649,835.08	18,236,230.09	1,600,260,34	473,218.89	50,711,239.7.
Additions	8,401,146.25	581,111.44	759,845.70	3,600.00	5,250.00	9,750,953.39
Disposals	(4,645,876.20)	-	(286,737.50)	-	5,230.00	(4,932,613.7)
Balance as at 31 March 2020	30,506,965.38	4,230,946.52	18,709,338.29	1,603,860.34	478,468.89	55,529,579.4
Balance as at 1 April 2020	30,506,965.38	4,230,946.52	18,709,338.29	1,603,860.34	478,468.89	55,529,579.4
Additions	1,049,335.00	87,127.06	188,554.00	3,687,751.00	17,600.00	5,030,367.00
Disposals	(745,820.44)	(58,628.48)	(149,300.00)	5,007,751.00	17,000.00	(953,748.9
Balance as at 31 March 2021	30,810,479.94	4,259,445.10	18,748,592.29	5,291,611.34	496,068.89	59,606,197.5
Accumulated depreciation			,,	0,2,1,012.01	170,000.07	37,000,177.3
Balance as at 1 April 2019	5,701,778.36	1,656,747.07	11,583,431.74	528,985.64	191,279.61	19,662,222.4
Depreciation charge during the year	5,387,558.32	1,018,164.65	2,043,403.32	332,197.81	178,208.64	8,959,532.74
Disposals	(406,524.13)	-	(30,454.47)	-	-	(436,978.6
Balance as at 31 March 2020	10,682,812.55	2,674,911.72	13,596,380.59	861,183.45	369,488.25	28,184,776.5
Balance as at 1 April 2020	10,682,812.55	2,674,911.72	13,596,380.59	861,183.45	369,488.25	28,184,776.5
Depreciation charge during the year	5,181,255.08	674,673.10	1,490,383.69	672,278.23	74,243.25	8,092,833.35
Disposals	(355,434.07)	(43,938.32)	(92,140.13)	072,270.23		(491,512.52
Balance as at 31 March 2021	15,508,633.56	3,305,646.50	14,994,624.15	1,533,461.68	443,731.50	35,786,097.3
		5,505,010.50	11,771,021.13	1,333,401.00	443,731.30	33,780,097.3
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2021	15,301,846.38	953,798.60	3,753,968.14	3,758,149.66	52,337.39	23,820,100.1
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2020	19,824,152.83	1,556,034.80	5,112,957.70	742,676.89	108,980.64	27,344,802.8
	27,021,102.00	1,000,001.00	3,112,737.70	742,070.07	100,980.04	27,344,002.0
√ote:					(1)	
7800				Year ended		nount in Rupee <b>Year ended</b>
Particulars				31 March 2021		1 ear ended 31 March 2020
27) Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)			Total Control of Contr	5,181,255.08 2,911,578.27 <b>8,092,833.35</b>		3,571,974.4
27) Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31) <b>Fotal</b>				2,911,578.27		3,571,974.42
27) Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)  Fotal  Note 2 : OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS				2,911,578.27	(¿\t	3,571,974.45 8,959,532.74 nount in Rupce
- Cost of material consumed, construction & oth 27) - Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)  Total  Note 2 : OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Particulars  Gross carrying amount				2,911,578.27	(.\.	3,571,974.42 <b>8,959,532.7</b> 4
27) Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)  Fotal  Note 2 : OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Particulars  Gross carrying amount				2,911,578.27	(r\t	3,571,974.4 8,959,532.74 nount in Rupee Total
27) Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)  Total  Note 2 : OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Particulars  Gross carrying amount  Balance as at 1 April 2019				2,911,578.27	(At	3,571,974.4: 8,959,532.74 nount in Rupce Total
27) Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)  Fotal  Note 2 : OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Particulars  Gross carrying amount  Balance as at 1 April 2019  Additions				2,911,578.27	(Ar	3,571,974.4: 8,959,532.74 nount in Rupce Total
27) - Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31) - Total - Note 2 : OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS - Particulars - Gross carrying amount - Balance as at 1 April 2019 - Additions - Disposals				2,911,578.27	(Ar	3,571,974.4: 8,959,532.74  nount in Rupee  Total  112,339.00 -
Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)  Fotal  Note 2 : OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Particulars  Gross carrying amount  Balance as at 1 April 2019  Additions  Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2020				2,911,578.27	(Ar	3,571,974.4 8,959,532.74 nount in Rupee Total 112,339.00 - 112,339.00
27) Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)  Fotal  Note 2 : OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Particulars  Gross carrying amount Balance as at 1 April 2019  Additions  Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2020  Balance as at 1 April 2020				2,911,578.27	(Ar	3,571,974.4 8,959,532.74 nount in Rupee Total 112,339.00 - 112,339.00
27) Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)  Fotal  Note 2 : OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Particulars  Gross carrying amount  Balance as at 1 April 2019  Additions Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2020  Balance as at 1 April 2020  Additions				2,911,578.27	(Ar	3,571,974.4 8,959,532.74 nount in Rupee Total 112,339.00 - 112,339.00
27) Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)  Fotal  Note 2 : OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Particulars  Gross carrying amount  Balance as at 1 April 2019  Additions Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2020  Additions Disposals  Disposals				2,911,578.27	(r\t)	3,571,974.4 8,959,532.74  nount in Rupee  Total  112,339.00 112,339.00
27) Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)  Fotal  Note 2 : OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Particulars  Gross carrying amount Balance as at 1 April 2019 Additions Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2020 Additions Disposals  Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2021				2,911,578.27	(r\t:	3,571,974.4: 8,959,532.74  nount in Rupce Total  112,339.00 112,339.00
Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)  Total  Note 2 : OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Particulars  Gross carrying amount Balance as at 1 April 2019 Additions Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2020 Additions Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2020 Additions Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2021 Additions Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2021 Accumulated Amortization and Impairment				2,911,578.27	(,\)	3,571,974.4 8,959,532.74 nount in Rupec Total 112,339.00 112,339.00 112,339.00
27) Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)  Fotal  Note 2 : OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Particulars  Gross carrying amount Balance as at 1 April 2019 Additions Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2020 Additions Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2021 Accumulated Amortization and Impairment Balance as at 1 April 2019				2,911,578.27	(At	3,571,974.4 8,959,532.74 nount in Rupee Total  112,339.00 112,339.00 112,339.00 70,481.18
Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)  Fotal  Note 2 : OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Particulars  Gross carrying amount  Balance as at 1 April 2019  Additions Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2020  Additions Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2021  Accumulated Amortization and Impairment Balance as at 1 April 2019  Charge during the year				2,911,578.27	(.\1)	3,571,974.4: 8,959,532.74  nount in Rupee Total  112,339.00  112,339.00   112,339.00  70,481.18
Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)  Fotal  Note 2 : OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Particulars  Gross carrying amount  Balance as at 1 April 2019  Additions  Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2020  Additions  Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2021  Accumulated Amortization and Impairment  Balance as at 1 April 2019  Charge during the year  Disposals				2,911,578.27	(Ar	3,571,974.4: 8,959,532.74  nount in Rupee  Total  112,339.00  112,339.00   112,339.00  70,481.18 28,084.75
Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)  Total  Note 2 : OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Particulars  Gross carrying amount  Balance as at 1 April 2019  Additions  Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2020  Additions  Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2021  Accumulated Amortization and Impairment  Balance as at 1 April 2019  Charge during the year  Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2020				2,911,578.27	(Ar	3,571,974.4 8,959,532.74  nount in Rupec  Total  112,339.00  112,339.00  112,339.00  70,481.18 28,084.75 98,565.93
Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)  Fotal  Note 2 : OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Particulars  Gross carrying amount  Balance as at 1 April 2019  Additions  Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2020  Additions  Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2021  Accumulated Amortization and Impairment  Balance as at 1 April 2019  Charge during the year  Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2020  Balance as at 31 March 2020  Balance as at 31 March 2020				2,911,578.27	(Ar	3,571,974.4: 8,959,532.74  nount in Rupee Total  112,339.00  112,339.00
Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)  Fotal  Note 2: OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Particulars  Gross carrying amount Balance as at 1 April 2019 Additions Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2020 Additions Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2021 Additions Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2021 Accumulated Amortization and Impairment Balance as at 1 April 2019 Charge during the year Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2020 Balance as at 31 March 2020 Charge during the year				2,911,578.27	(Ar	3,571,974.4: 8,959,532.74  nount in Rupee Total  112,339.00  112,339.00
Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)  Fotal  Note 2: OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Particulars  Gross carrying amount Balance as at 1 April 2019 Additions Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2020 Additions Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2021 Accumulated Amortization and Impairment Balance as at 1 April 2019 Charge during the year Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2020 Balance as at 31 March 2020 Charge during the year Disposals  Balance as at 1 April 2020 Charge during the year Disposals				2,911,578.27	(¿\t)	3,571,974.4: 8,959,532.74  nount in Rupce Total  112,339.00 112,339.00 112,339.00 70,481.18 28,084.75 98,565.93 98,565.93
Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)  Fotal  Note 2: OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Particulars  Gross carrying amount Balance as at 1 April 2019 Additions Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2020 Additions Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2021 Accumulated Amortization and Impairment Balance as at 1 April 2019 Charge during the year Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2020 Charge during the year Disposals Balance as at 1 April 2020 Charge during the year Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2020 Charge during the year Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2020 Charge during the year Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2021				2,911,578.27	(r\tr	3,571,974.4: 8,959,532.74  nount in Rupce Total  112,339.00 112,339.00 112,339.00 70,481.18 28,084.75 98,565.93 98,565.93
Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)  Total  Note 2: OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Particulars  Gross carrying amount Balance as at 1 April 2019 Additions Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2020 Additions Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2021 Accumulated Amortization and Impairment Balance as at 1 April 2019 Charge during the year Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2020 Balance as at 31 March 2020 Charge during the year Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2020 Balance as at 31 March 2020 Charge during the year Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2021				2,911,578.27	(.Ar	3,571,974.4: 8,959,532.74  nount in Rupee Total  112,339.00  112,339.00   112,339.00  70,481.18 28,084.75 98,565.93 98,565.93 13,773.01 112,339.00
27) Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)  Fotal  Note 2 : OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Particulars  Gross carrying amount Balance as at 1 April 2019 Additions Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2020 Additions Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2021 Additions Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2021 Accumulated Amortization and Impairment				2,911,578.27		3,571,974.4: 8,959,532.74  nount in Rupee Total  112,339.06  112,339.06  70,481.18 28,084.75  98,565.93 98,565.93 13,773.07
Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)  Fotal  Note 2: OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Particulars  Gross carrying amount  Balance as at 1 April 2019  Additions Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2020  Additions Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2021  Accumulated Amortization and Impairment  Balance as at 1 April 2019  Charge during the year Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2020  Charge during the year Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2020  Charge during the year Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2021  Let carrying amount as at 31 March 2021  Jet carrying amount as at 31 March 2020  Mote:				2,911,578.27 8,092,833.35	(An	112,339.00
Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)  Fotal  Note 2: OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Particulars  Gross carrying amount  Balance as at 1 April 2019  Additions Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2020  Additions Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2021  Accumulated Amortization and Impairment  Balance as at 1 April 2019  Charge during the year Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2020  Charge during the year Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2020  Charge during the year Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2021  Let carrying amount as at 31 March 2021  Jet carrying amount as at 31 March 2020  Mote:				2,911,578.27	(An	3,571,974.4: 8,959,532.74  nount in Rupee  Total  112,339.06  112,339.06  112,339.06  70,481.18 28,084.75  98,565.93 98,565.93 13,773.07  112,339.06  13,773.07
Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)  Fotal  Note 2: OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Particulars  Gross carrying amount  Balance as at 1 April 2019  Additions Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2020  Additions Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2021  Accumulated Amortization and Impairment  Balance as at 1 April 2019  Charge during the year Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2020  Balance as at 1 April 2020  Charge during the year Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2020  Charge during the year Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2021  Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2021  Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2020  Note:  Particulars  Depreciation has been charged to				2,911,578.27 8,092,833.35	(An	3,571,974.4: 8,959,532.74  nount in Rupee  Total  112,339.00  112,339.00  112,339.00  70,481.18 28,084.75  98,565.93 98,565.93 13,773.00  112,339.00  13,773.00  nount in Rupees
Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)  Fotal  Note 2: OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Particulars  Gross carrying amount Balance as at 1 April 2019 Additions Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2020 Additions Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2021 Accumulated Amortization and Impairment Balance as at 1 April 2019 Charge during the year Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2020 Charge during the year Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2020 Charge during the year Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2020 Charge during the year Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2021 Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2021 Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2020 Note:  Particulars Depreciation has been charged to Cost of material consumed, construction & other	er related project c	ost (refer note		2,911,578.27 8,092,833.35	(An	3,571,974.4: 8,959,532.74  nount in Rupee  Total  112,339.00  112,339.00  112,339.00  70,481.18 28,084.75  98,565.93 98,565.93 13,773.00  112,339.00  13,773.00  nount in Rupees  Year ended
Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31)  Fotal  Note 2: OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Particulars  Gross carrying amount  Balance as at 1 April 2019  Additions Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2020  Additions Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2021  Accumulated Amortization and Impairment  Balance as at 1 April 2019  Charge during the year Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2020  Balance as at 1 April 2020  Charge during the year Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2020  Charge during the year Disposals  Balance as at 31 March 2021  Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2021  Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2020  Note:  Particulars  Depreciation has been charged to	er related project c	ost (refer note		2,911,578.27 8,092,833.35	(An	3,571,974.4: 8,959,532.74  nount in Rupee  Total  112,339.00  112,339.00  112,339.00  70,481.18 28,084.75  98,565.93 98,565.93 13,773.00  112,339.00  13,773.00  nount in Rupees  Year ended

	As at	(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Unquoted, at cost, fully paid up	**************************************	
Investments In Equity Instruments of Subsidiaries		
50,000 (50,000) Equity Shares of Ashray Infrabuild Private Limited of Rs.10 each	500,000.00	500,000.00
50,000 (50,000) Equity Shares of Hiresh Builders Private Limited of Rs.10 each	500,000.00	500,000.00
50,000 (50,000) Equity Shares of Bhanu Infrabuild Private Limited of Rs.10 each	500,000.00	500,000.00
10,000 (10,000) Equity Shares of Aadhira Developers Private Limited of Rs.10 each	100,000.00	100,000.00
10,000 (10,000) Equity Shares of Sanvim Developers Private Limited of Rs.10 each	100,000.00	100,000.00
10,000 (10,000) Equity Shares of Shubh Bhumi Developers Private Limited of Rs.10	100,000.00	100,000.00
each		,
10,000 (10,000) Equity shares of Dinkar Realcon Private Limited of Rs 10 each	100,000.00	100,000.00
10,000 (10,000) Equity shares of Hemang Buildcon Private Limited of Rs 10 each	100,000.00	100,000.00
10,000 (10,000) Equity shares of Sarthak Landcon Private Limited of Rs 10 each	100,000.00	100,000.00
10,000 (10,000) Equity shares of Davesh Technobuild Private Limited of Rs 10 each	100,000.00	100,000.00
10,000 (10,000) Equity shares of Sarva Buildtech Private Limited of Rs 10 each	100,000.00	100,000.00
10,000 (10,000) Equity shares of Aashna Realcon Private Limited of Rs 10 each.	100,000.00	100,000.00
10,000 (10,000) Equity shares of Aradhya Real Estate Limited of Rs 10 each.	100,000.00	100,000.00
10,000 (10,000) Equity shares of Ayush Landcon Private Limited of Rs 10 each.	100,000.00	100,000.00
10,000 (10,000) Equity shares of Caspian Realtors Private Limited of Rs 10 each.	100,000.00	100,000.00
10,000 (10,000) Equity shares of Daman Builders Private Limited of Rs 10 each.	100,000.00	100,000.00
10,000 (10,000) Equity shares of Damodar Infratech Private Limited of Rs 10 each.	100,000.00	100,000.00
10,000 (10,000) Equity shares of Dhanu Real Estate Private Limited of Rs 10 each.	100,000.00	100,000.00
10,000 (10,000) Equity shares of Ekapad Developers Private Limited of Rs 10 each	100,000.00	100,000.00
10,000 (10,000) Equity shares of Manit Developers Private Limited of Rs 10 each	100,000.00	100,000.00
10,000 (10,000) Equity shares of Rupesh Infratech Private Limited of Rs 10 each	100,000.00	100,000.00
10,000 (10,000) Equity shares of Chapal Buildhome Private Limited of Rs 10 each	100,000.00	100,000.00
50,000 (50,000) Equity Shares of Silver Peak Township Private Limited of Rs.10 each	500,000.00	ŕ
10,000 (10,000) Equity Shares of NRI City Developers Private Limited of Rs.10 each	5,000,000.00	500,000.00 5,000,000.00
Total -		
(figures in bracket represent those of previous year)	8,900,000.00	8,900,000.00
Aggregate book value of unquoted investments in subsidiary	T	
Companies at amortized cost	8,900,000.00	8,900,000.00
Note 4 : NON CURRENT LOANS		
	18199	(Amount in Rupces)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at
(Unsecured-considered good unless stated otherwise)	31 Waren 2021	31 March 2020
Security Deposits		
Considered Good	15,000,433.00	14 074 422 00
Total	15,000,433.00	14,871,433.00 14,871,433.00
- Note 5: NON CURRENT OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS	13,000,433.00	14,071,455.00
/		(Amount in Duncan)
	As at	(Amount in Rupees)  As at
Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Bank Deposits with maturity of more than 12 months held as margin money	185,958.00	382,990.00
Interest accrued on deposits & others	100,700.00	356.00
Total	185,958.00	383,346.00
=	100,700.00	303,340.00

Suh. Jonish Blancath.

#### Note - 6: DEFERRED TAX ASSETS - NET

The movement on the deferred tax account is as follows:

		(.\mount in Rupees)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
At the beginning of the year	319,223,204.00	503,406,507.00
Credit/ (Charge) to statement of profit and loss	(39,595,215.00)	(160,439,500.00
Credit/ (Charge) to other comprehensive income	(915,386.00)	1,137,389.00
Movement in MAT Credit		(24,881,192.00
At the end of the year	278,712,603.00	319,223,204.00
Component of deferred tax assets/ (liabilities):		
D. ed end en	As at	(Amount in Rupees As at
Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Deferred Tax Assets		
Expenses allowed on payment basis	6,066,389.00	6,385,168.00
Difference between book and tax base of fixed assets	4,819,898.00	3,929,647.00
Effect of Fair Valuation of Development Income	247,603,245.00	288,738,667.00
Others	20,223,071.00	20,169,722.00
Total	278,712,603.00	319,223,204.00
N OTHER MONIGUIDDENTS ACCEPTED		0.23,220,2011.00
Note 7: OTHER NON CURRENT ASSETS		(Amount in Rupees)
D. d. I	As at	As at
Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Prepaid Expenses	6,941,862.04	
Total	6,941,862.04	12,012,941.97 12,012,941.97
	3,711,000.01	12,012,741.77
Note 8: INVENTORIES		(Amount in Rupces)
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Building Material And Consumables	67,783,197.98	54,718,684.36
Land	3,817,640,091.31	3,474,570,486.70
Construction Work In Progress	116,468,111.14	113,473,377.75
Completed Real Estate Projects	85,995,411.74	125,593,261.31
Project In Progress	11,957,006,441.07	
Total	16,044,893,253.24	10,667,204,295.67 14,435,560,105.79
	10,011,073,233,231	14,433,300,103.77
Note 9 : TRADE RECEIVABLES		(Amount in Donous
D I	As at	(Amount in Rupees)  As at
Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
(Unsecured considered good unless stated otherwise)		
Considered Good	429,670,935.04	457,005,985.77
Total	429,670,935.04	457,005,985.77
Note 10 : CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Tion to Capitally Capit EquivaLENTS		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Balances With Banks:-		
In Current Accounts	135,599,853.11	34,606,181.73
Cheques, Drafts On Hand	32,655,251.94	2,258,187.00
Cash On Hand	1,187,794.00	855,585.00
Total	169,442,899.95	37,719,953.73
		2.,.2,,00110

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Note 11: OTHER BANK BALANCES		
		(Amount in Rupees
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Held As Margin Money	31,852,917.25	35,374,984.60
Total	31,852,917.25	35,374,984.60
Note 12 : CURRENT LOANS		
		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
(Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)		0111110112020
Security Deposits	27,097,450.00	27,074,350.00
Loan to Fellow Subsidiary Companies	3,905,320,883.00	3,907,113,521.63
Total	3,932,418,333.00	3,934,187,871.63
Note - 12.1		
Particulars in respect of loans to fellow subsidiary companies :		
	As at	(Amount in Rupees) As at
Name of Company	31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Jagdamba Contractors and Builders Limited	-	737,868.63
Omaxe Garv Buildtech Private Limited(Formerly known as Garv Buildtech Private Limited)	3,905,320,883.00	3,906,3/5,653.00
	3,905,320,883.00	3,907,113,521.63
Note - 12.2 Particulars of maximum balance during the year in nature of loans given to fellow	subsidiary companies:	
Name of Company	During the year	(Amount in Rupees)  During the year
Name of Company	ended 31 March 2021	ended 31 March 2020
Jagdamba Contractors and Builders Limited	2,965,403.93	28,052,651.00
Omaxe Garv Buildtech Private Limited(Formerly known as Garv Buildtech Private .imited)	3,906,375,653.00	3,917,230,758.00
Note 13: OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS-CURRENT		
	-	(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Interest Accrued On Deposits & Others	306,282.20	358,246.11
Advances Recoverable In Cash (Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated)	000,202,20	330,240.11
-Fellow Subsidiary companies	2,670,675,115.31	2,072,500,000.00
-Others	518,180,046.83	623,417,785.97
T'otal	3,189,161,444.34	2,696,276,032.08
Note - 13.1 Particulars in respect of advance recoverable in cash from Fellow subsidiary compa	any/subsidiary.company	
	my, outsidiary company.	(Amount in Rupees)
Name of Company	As at	As at
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Pancham Realcon Private Limited	2,072,399,259.00	2,072,500,000.00
Bhanu Infrabuild Private Limited	598,275,856.31	<u> </u>
Total	2,670,675,115.31	2,072,500,000.00
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

2,0/0,675,115.31 Della 1

#### Note 14: OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

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5,695,409.68
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(804,662.00)
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4,651,112.42
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2,548,476.68
0,883,095.00
1,767,890.00
5,695,409.68
t
2020
-
804,662.00
-

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Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	(Amount in Rupees) As at 31 March 2020
Authorised		
5,00,00,000 (5,00,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 Each	300,000,000.00	500,000,000.00
Issued, Subscribed & Paid Up	500,000,000.00	500,000,000.00
5,00,00,000 (5,00,00,000 ) Equity Shares of Rs.10 Each fully paid up	500,000,000.00	500,000,000.00
Total	500,000,000.00	500,000,000.00
(figures in bracket represent those of previous year)		

Note - 15.1

Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Particulars	As at As at 31 March 2021 31 March 2020			
Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up	Numbers	Amount in Rupees	Numbers	Amount in Rupees
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	50,000,000	500,000,000.00	50,000,000	500,000,000.00
Shares Issued during the year	-	-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , ,
Shares bought back during the year		_	7	
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	50,000,000	500,000,000.00	50,000,000	500,000,000.00

#### Note - 15.2

#### Terms/rights attached to shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs 10/-per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. If new equity shares, issued by the company shall be ranked pari-passu with the existing equity shares. The company declares and pays dividend in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed if any by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the share holders.

Note - 15.3

Shares held by holding company  Name of Shareholder	31 M	As at larch 2021		As at arch 2020
	Number of shares held	Amount in Rupees	Number of shares held	Amount in Rupees
<b>Equity Shares</b>		***************************************		
Omaxe Limited	50,000,000	500,000,000.00	50,000,000	500,000,000.00
Note - 15.4				
Detail of shareholders holding more Equity Shares	than 5% shares in capital of th	ne company		
Name of Shareholder		As at arch 2021		s at ch 2020
3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3	Number of shares held	% of Holding	Number of shares held	% of Holding
Omaxe Limited	50,000,000	100.00	50,000,000	100.00

#### Note - 15.5

The company has not allotted any fully paid up shares pursuant to contract(s) without payment being received in cash. The company has neither allotted any fully paid up shares by way of bonus shares nor has bought back any class of shares during the period of five years immediately preceeding the balance sheet date.

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#### Note 16: BORROWINGS-NON CURRENT

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020		
Secured				
Term Loans				
Bauk	1,103,762,969.03	1,856,362,724.25		
Housing Finance Company	1,765,270,908.42	1,135,497,470.09		
Vehicle Loan	1,697,685.00			
Total	2,870,731,562.45	2,991,860,194.34		
Note - 16.1 Nature of security of long term borrowings are as under:				(Amount in Rupees)
	Amount Outstanding		Current Maturities	- modulin regices/
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Secured  Term loan from banks are secured by equitable mortgage of project properties of		***************************************		
the company/subsidiaries/ associates/ other companies and charge on receivable,				
material at site and work in progress as applicable.				
These loans are further secured by pledge of shares held by promoter companies	2,333,191,664.02	2,410,922,349.79	1,229,428,694.99	554,559,625.54
and personal guarantee of director(s) of the Company and secured by corporate				
guarantee of subsidiaries / associates / promoters / other companies.				
Term loan from housing finance company is secured by equitable mortgage of				
project land & hypothecation of receivables of the company/ fellow subsidiary/				
associate company and corporate guarantee of holding company/fellow subsidiary				
company.	2,030,814,602.82	2,237,673,180.70	265,543,694.40	1,102,175,710.61
Term loan from housing finance company is further secured by personal				
guarantee of director(s) of the holding company.				

(Amount in Rupees)

16.2	The year wise repayment schedule of long term	horrowings :

Interest accrued and due on borrowings

Total

Vehicle loan are secured by hypothecation of the vehicles purchased there against

					(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	outstanding as at 31.03.2021 Years wise repayment schedule				
	within 1 year 1-2 year		1 -2 year	2-3 year	3-6 year
Secured Term loans					
Banks	2,333,191,664.02	1,229,428,694.99	795,575,652.54	302,366,672.43	5,820,644.06
Housing finance company	2,030,814,602.82	265,543,694.40	785,568,744.00	785,568,744.00	194,133,420.42
Vehicle loan	2,665,854.00	968,169.00	1,047,484.00	650,201.00	
Interest accrued and due on borrowings	16,038,312.22	16,038,312.22	-		
Total Long Term borrowings	4,382,710,433.06	1,511,978,870.61	1,582,191,880.54	1,088,585,617.43	199,954,064.48

2,665,854.00

16,038,312.22

4,382,710,433.06

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49,510,114.00

4,698,105,644.49

968,169.00

16,038,312.22

1,511,978,870.61

49,510,114.00

1,706,245,450.15

#### Note 17: NON CURRENT TRADE PAYABLES

	A	(Amount in Rupces
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	
Total (A)	*	
Deferred payment liabilities		
In respect of development & other charges to be paid on deferred credit terms to authorities(secured to the extent of Rs. 45.00 crore (Rs.112.88 crore) by way of hypothecation of project properties)	450,020,115.67	1,128,756,424.6
Total (B)	450,020,115.67	1,128,756,424.6
Total(A+B)	450,020,115.67	1,128,756,424.63
Note 18: NON CURRENT OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
Particulars	As at	(Amount in Rupees  As at
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Security deposits received	35,126,421.49	8,971,745.3
Rebates Payable To Customers	242,108,767.49	60,309,768.17
Total	277,235,188.98	69,281,513.48
Note 19 : OTHER NON CURRENT LIABILITIES		
		(Amount in Rupees
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Deferred Income	181,224.24	1,323,762.72
Total	181,224.24	1,323,762.72
Note 20 : PROVISIONS-NON CURRENT		(Amount in Rupces)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Provision for Employee Benefits		
eave Encashment	4,762,857.00	4,944,865.00
Gratuity Total	16,544,639.00	17,294,384.00
Total =	21,307,496.00	22,239,249.00
Note 21 : CURRENT TRADE PAYABLES		
	As at	(Amount in Rupees)  As at
Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Other Trade Payable		
otal outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises:  Other Trade Payables due to micro enterprises and small enterprises	39,712,208.00	51,409,789.00
Total (A)	39,712,208.00	51,409,789.00
Deferred Payment Liabilities  In respect of development & other charges to be paid on deferred credit terms to authorities (secured to the extent of Rs. 114.71 crore (Rs. 64.72 crore) by way of hypothecation of roject properties)		
	1,147,115,516.33	647,231,072.38
Ther Trade Payables	1,793,848.96	18,767,729.36
·		10,101,127.00
Fellow Subsidiary Companies		590,700,584.14
Fellow Subsidiary Companies Others	521,748,595.42 <b>1,670,657,960.71</b>	590,700,584.14 <b>1,256,699,385.88</b>
Other Trade Payables Fellow Subsidiary Companies Others Total(B)  Cotal(A+B)	521,748,595.42	·

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#### Note - 21.1

\* The information as required to be disclosed under The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("the Act") has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified by the company, on the basis of information and records available.

		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Principal amount due to suppliers under MSMED Act, 2006	39,712,208.00	51,409,789.00
Interest accrued and due to supplier under MSMED Act, 2006 on above amount	4,325,966.00	8,893,730.00
Payment made to suppliers (other than interest) beyond appointed day during the year Interest paid to suppliers under MSMED Act, 2006	41,628,522.00	58,830,599.00
Interest due and payable on payment made to suppliers beyond appointed date during the year	11,423,085.00	4,617,139.00
Interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	27,036,791.00	22,767,010.00
Interest charged to statement of profit and loss account during the year for the purpose of disallowance under section 23 of MSMED Act, 2006	4,269,781.00	8,463,910.00

#### Note 22: CURRENT OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Current Maturities of Long Term Borrowings	1,511,978,870.61	1,706,245,450.15
Interest Accrued But Not Due On Borrowings	26,060,626.35	67,206,056.93
Rebate Payable	100,061,690.20	87,081,536.16
Security deposit Received	50,507,821.78	72,830,051.41
Due to Employees	22,986,688.00	38,312,724.00
Advance recived from holding and Fellow Subsidiary companies	6,213,577,949.26	5,680,808,188.31
Interest On Trade Payables	39,888,448.27	31,497,630.00
Others Payables	105,460,250.04	48,268,292.39
Total	8,070,522,344.51	7,732,249,929.35

#### Note 23: OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Statutory Dues Payable	24,470,017.00	77,277,461.77
Deferred Income	1,174,420.69	1,171,083.15
Advance from customers and others:	, .,	1,111,003.13
From Subsidiary Companies/FellowSubsidiary companies	10,043,204.46	11,936,479.46
From Related party	190,022,040.00	189,367,040.00
From Others	11,131,663,134.81	9,449,241,650.57
Total	11,357,372,816.96	9,728,993,714.95

#### Note 24: PROVISIONS-CURRENT

		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Provision for Employee Benefits		
Leave Encashment	213,122.00	112,667.00
Gratuity	829,125.00	337,440.00
Total	1,042,247.00	450,107.00

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#### Note 25: REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2021	(Amount in Rupees) Year Ended 31 March 2020
Income From Real Estate Projects	600,055,702.76	1,662,995,062.28
Income From Trading Goods	9,888,589.00	10,428,054.00
Income From Construction Contracts	-	2,015,772.00
Other Operating Income	13,923,315.15	17,728,699.97
Total	623,867,606.91	1,693,167,588.25

Disaggregation of revenue is as below:-

(Amount in Rupowe)

	Ye	ar Ended 31 March 2	2021		Year Ended 31 March 20	(Amount in Rupees)
Nature of Revenue	Operating Revenue	Other Operating Revenue	Total	Operating Revenue	Other Operating Revenue	Total
Real Estate Projects	600,055,702.76	9,194,199.15	609,249,901.91	1,662,995,062.28	10,067,367.97	1,673,062,430.25
Trading	9,888,589.00	-	9,888,589.00	10,428,054.00	-	10,428,054.00
Others		4,729,116.00	4,729,116.00	2,015,772.00	7,661,332.00	9,677,104.00
Total	609,944,291.76	13,923,315.15	623,867,606.91	1,675,438,888.28	17,728,699.97	1,693,167,588.25

While disclosing the aggregate amount of transaction price yet to be recognised as revenue towards unsatisfied (or partially satisfied) performance obligations, the Company has applied the practical expedient in Ind AS 115. The aggregate value of transaction price allocated to unsatisfied (or partially satisfied) performance obligations is Rs. 26,493,353,875.81(Rs. 20,334,212,248.57 previous year) which is expected to be recognised as revenue in the subsequent years, however revenue to be recognised in next one year is not ascertainable due to nature of industry in which company is operating.

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2021	Year Ended 31 March 2020
Advances at beginning of the year	9,650,545,170.03	8,716,346,749.62
Add: Advances received during the year (net)	2,305,050,816.15	2,627,366,008.66
Less: Revenue recognised during the year	623,867,606.91	1,693,167,588.25
Advances at the end of the year	11,331,728,379.27	9,650,545,170.03

Reconciliation of revenue recognised with the contracted price is as follows:

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2021	Year Ended 31 March 2020
Contracted price	916,729,439.76	1,995,084,587.62
Reduction towards variable consideration components	292,861,832.85	301,916,999.37
Revenue recognized	623,867,606.91	1,693,167,588.25

#### Note 26: OTHER INCOME

		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
Interest Income	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
On Bank Deposits	2,204,455.77	2,284,806.87
Others	6,760,932.07	24,210,607.80
Profit on Sale of Fixed Assets	53,712.60	
Miscellaneous Income	4,986,002.22	6,249,853.56
Gain on financial assets/liabilities carried at amortised cost	1,191,567.06	10,878,708.04
Liabilities no longer required to be written off	1,809,467.18	5,169,775.03
Total	17,006,136.90	48,793,751.30

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#### Note 27 : COST OF MATERIAL CONSUMED, CONSTRUCTION & OTHER RELATED PROJECT COST

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2021	(Amount in Rupees) Year Ended 31 March 2020
Inventory at the Beginning of The Year		
Building Materials and Consumables	54,718,684.36	104,583,308.73
Land	3,474,570,486,70	3,268,122,849.70
	3,529,289,171.06	3,372,706,158.43
Add: Incurred During The Year		
Land, Development and Other Rights	605,714,515.70	206,443,637.00
Building Materials	268,193,159.04	306,294,561.93
Construction Cost	165,403,928.33	290,922,131.20
Employee Cost	108,475,570.00	105,291,962.00
Rates and taxes	22,987,323.88	20,618,768.55
Administration expenses	40,062,714.59	61,662,327.78
Depreciation	5,181,255.08	5,387,558.32
Power & Fuel and Other Electrical Cost	24,717,205.81	22,398,090.11
Repairs And Maintenance-Plant And Machinery	122,583.00	260,909.00
Finance Cost	833,804,459.75	904,340,361.83
	2,074,662,715.18	1,923,620,307.78
Less: Inventory at the End of The Year		
Building Materials and Consumables	67,783,197.98	54,718,684.36
Land	3,817,640,091.31	3,474,570,486.70
	3,885,423,289.29	3,529,289,171.06
Total	1,718,528,596.95	1,767,037,295.15

#### Note 28 : CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF PROJECT IN PROGRESS AND FINISHED STOCK

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2021	(Amount in Rupces) Year Ended 31 March 2020
Inventory at the Beginning of the Year		***************************************
Completed Real Estate Projects	125,593,261.31	341,305,058.71
Construction Work In Progress	113,473,377.75	109,944,835.47
Projects In Progress	10,667,204,295.67	10,199,014,622.23
	10,906,270,934.73	10,650,264,516.41
Inventory at the End of the Year		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Completed Real Estate Projects	85,995,411.74	125,593,261.31
Construction Work In Progress	116,468,111.14	113,473,377.75
Projects In Progress	11,957,006,441.07	10,667,204,295.67
	12,159,469,963.95	10,906,270,934.73
Changes In Inventory	(1,253,199,029.22)	(256,006,418.32)

#### Note 29: EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE

		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2021	Year Ended 31 March 2020
Salaries, Wages, Allowances And Bonus	101,433,768,00	124,110,261.00
Contribution To Provident And Other Funds	902,331.00	1,745,574.00
Staff Welfare Expenses	257,626.00	796,356.96
	102,593,725.00	126,652,191.96
Less: Allocated to Projects	108,475,570.00	105,291,962.00
Total	(5,881,845.00)	21,360,229.96

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Particulars	Year Ended	(Amount in Rupees) Year Ended
Latticulats	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Interest On		
Term Loans	630,761,093.93	808,286,069.29
-Others	215,923,692.07	142,053,978.37
Other Borrowing Cost	1,327,563.62	11,254,508.39
Bank Charges	5,075,349.94	6,373,274.62
,	853,087,699.56	967,967,830.67
Less: Allocated to Projects	833,804,459.75	904,340,361.83
Total	19,283,239.81	63,627,468.84
Note 31 : DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION EXPENSES		
	V. T. L.	(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2021	Year Ended 31 March 2020
Depreciation on tangible assets	2,911,578.27	2 571 074 42
Depreciation on Intangible assets		3,571,974.42
Total	2,925,351,34	28,084.75 <b>3,600,059.17</b>
	2,723,331.34	3,000,039.17
Note 32 : OTHER EXPENSES		
	Year Ended	(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	31 March 2021	Year Ended 31 March 2020
Administrative Expenses		
Short Term Lease	4,603,725.64	7,058,938.24
Rates And Taxes	943,191.72	805,208.34
Insurance	30,557.28	30,092.52
Repairs And Maintenance- Building	164,769.00	168,155.00
Repairs And Maintenance- Others	524,149.25	4,250,140.99
Water & Electricity Charges	770,516.00	755,763.00
Vehicle Running And Maintenance	1,633,972.00	1,126,973.00
Travelling And Conveyance	5,796,190.00	17,585,126.00
Legal And Professional Charges	38,237,264.00	39,300,247.00
Loss on sale of fixed assets	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	508,288.10
Printing And Stationery	1,461,914.09	3,544,455.21
Postage, Telephone & Courier	592,245.00	1,019,521.00
Donation	160,000.00	, , ,
Auditors' Remuneration	64,000.00	53,500.00
Corporate Social Responsibility expenses	2,892,810.00	4,401,855.06
Bad Debts & Advances Written Off	687.02	847.43
Provision for doubtful debts, deposits and advances	-	804,662.00
Miscellaneous Expenses	2,903,953.65	1,659,035.74
	60,779,944.65	83,072,808.63
Less: Allocated to Projects	40,062,714.59	61,662,327.78
	20,717,230.06	21,410,480.85
Selling Expenses		
Business Promotion	7,707,288.00	14,478,363.41
Commission	14,230,296.00	31,036,439.00
Advertisement And Publicity	1,310,970.34	13,888,515.42
Law Markette D	23,248,554.34	59,403,317.83
Less: Allocated to Projects		
Total	23,248,554.34	59,403,317.83
	43,965,784.40	80,813,798.68

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Note	33	INCOME TAX
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		. (mount in Kupees)
Particualrs	Year Ended	Year Ended
Tay evponce comprises of	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Tax expense comprises of:		
Current income tax		
Earlier years tax adjustments (net)	86,491.50	1.00
Deferred tax	39,595,215.00	185,320,691.00
	39 681 706 50	185 320 692 00

The major components of income tax expense and the reconciliation of expected tax expense based on the domestic effective tax rate of the Company at 25.17% and the reported tax expense in statement of profit and loss are as follows:

	(.	\mount in Rupees)
Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Accounting profit before tax	115,251,645.53	61,528,906.07
Applicable tax rate	25.17%	25.17%
Computed tax expense	29,008,839.00	15,486,826.00
Tax effect of:	, -,	,,
Tax impact of disallowable expenses	7,743,488.00	9,352,395.00
Tax Adjustment on account of adjustment of brought forward losses and others	(36,752,327.00)	(24,839,221.00)
Current Tax (A)	(= 3,1 = 1,5 = 1,10 3)	(21,000,221.00)
Earlier year tax adjustment (B)	86,491.50	1.00
Deferred Tax Provisions	33,172,100	1.00
Decrease in deferred tax assets on account of provisions, fair valuation of development		
income and others	39,595,215.00	185,320,691.00
Total Deferred Tax Provisions (C)	39,595,215.00	185,320,691.00
Tax Expenses recognised in statement of Profit & Loss(A+B+C)	• •	
Effective Tax Rate	39,681,706.50	185,320,692.00
Elicense Las Raie	34%	301%

## Note 34: EARNINGS PER SHARE

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2021	Year Ended 31 March 2020
Profit/(Loss) attributable to equity shareholders (Amount in Rupees)	75,569,939.03	(123,791,785.93)
Equity Shares outstanding (Number)	50,000,000	50,000,000
Weighted average number of equity shares	50,000,000	50,000,000
Nominal value per share	10.00	10.00
Earnings per equity share		
Basic	1.51	(2.48)
Diluted	1.51	(2.48)

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(Amount in Rupees) As at As at Particulars 31 March 2021 31 March 2020 Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts (to the extent quantifiable) Ī 70,865,255.38 49,714,387.00 Bank guarantees 11 In respect of the Company 50,000.00 50,000.00 Bank guarantees given by the holding company namely Omaxe Limited 222,810,350.00 222,810,350.00 on behalf of the Company Disputed Service tax amount 95,031,580.00 95,031,580.00 Ш Disputed Income tax (net of Provision) 23,871,033.00 23,871,033.00 Corporate Guarantees Amount outstanding in respect of Corporate Guarantee given on account of loan availed by Holding IV 5,371,570,671.00 5,144,465,432.00 Company namely omaxe Limited The Company may be contingently liable to pay damages / interest in the process of execution of real Amount Amount V estate and construction projects and for specific non-performance of certain agreements, the unascertainable unascertainable amount of which cannot presently be ascertained Not Quantifiable Not Quantifiable Certain civil cases preferred against the Company in respect of labour laws, specific performance of

Note 36: Balances of trade receivable, trade payable, loan/ advances given and other financial and non financial assets and liabilities are subject to reconciliation and confirmation from respective parties. The balance of said trade receivable, trade payable, loan/ advances given and other financial and non financial assets and liabilities are taken as shown by the books of accounts. The ultimate outcome of such reconciliation and confirmation cannot presently be determined, therefore, no provision for any liability that may result out of such reconciliation and confirmation has been made in the financial statement, the financial impact of which is unascertainable due to the reasons as above stated.

## Note 37: CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)

certain land agreements, etc. and disputed by the Company

The de	tails of expenditure incurred on CSR are as under		(Amount in Rupees)
S.NO	Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2021	Year Ended 31 March 2020
a	The Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year as per section 135 of Companies Act 2013 read with Schedule VII	2,747,018.55	3,711,644.16
b. c. d.	Amount spent during the year on:  i) Construction/acquisition of any assets ii) On Purpose other than (i) above Unspent Amount in CSR The breakup of expenses included in amount spent are as	2,892,810.00 -	4,401,855.06
u.	Skill Development Environment sustainability and ecological balance	2,892,810.00	1,418,201.00 2,983,654.06

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### Note 38: EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

### 1) Post-Employment Obligations - Gratuity

The Company provides gratuity for employees in India as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Employees who are in continuous service for a period of 5 years are eligible for gratuity. The amount of gratuity payable on retirement/termination is the employees' last drawn basic salary per month computed proportionately for 15 days salary multiplied by the number of years of service. For the funded plan the Company makes contributions to recognised funds in India. The Company does not fully fund the liability and maintains a target level of funding to be maintained over a period of time based on estimations of expected gratuity payments.

The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position and the movements in the net defined benefit obligation over the year are as follows:

			(Amount in Rupees)
a.	Reconciliation of present value of defined benefit obligation and the fair value of	As,at	As at
	plan assets	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
	Present value obligation as at the end of the year	17,373,764.00	17,631,824.00
	Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the year	-	- 17,001,021,00
	Net liability/ (asset) recognized in balance sheet	17,373,764.00	17,631,824.00

		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Current liability	829,125.00	337,440.00
Non-current liability	16,544,639.00	17,294,384.00
Total	17,373,764.00	17,631,824.00

c.	Expected contribution for the next annual reporting period	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
	Service Cost	3,197,440.00	3,011,767.00
	Net Interest Cost	1,181,416.00	1,197,201.00
	Total	4,378,856.00	4,208,968.00

		(Amount in Rupees)
d. Changes in defined benefit obligation	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Present value obligation as at the beginning of the year	17,631,824.00	9,835,479.00
Interest cost	1,197,201.00	752,414.00
Service cost	2,181,553.00	2,525,103.00
Actuarial loss/(gain) on obligations	(3,636,814.00)	4,518,828.00
Present value obligation as at the end of the year	17,373,764.00	17,631,824.00

e.	Amount recognized in the statement of profit and loss	Year Ended 31 March 2021	(Amount in Rupees) Year Ended 31 March 2020
	Current service cost	2,181,553.00	2,525,103.00
	Net Interest cost	1,197,201.00	752,414.00
	Amount recognised in the statement of profit and loss	3,378,754.00	3,277,517.00

		(	Amount in Rupees)
Other Comprehensive Income		As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Net cumulative unrecognized actuarial gain/(loss) opening		(8,225,686.00)	(3,706,858.00)
Actuarial gain/(loss) on PBO		3,636,814.00	(4,518,828.00)
Actuarial gain/(loss) for the year on Asset		-	(1,010,020.00)
Unrecognised actuarial gain/(loss) at the end of the year		(4,588,872.00)	(8,225,686.00)
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g.	Economic Assumptions	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
	Discount rate	6.80%	6.79%
	Future salary increase	6.00%	6.00%。

Demographic Assumptions	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Retirement Age (Years)	58	58
Mortality rates inclusive of provision for disability	LALM (2012-14)	IALM (2012-14)
Ages	Withdrawal Rate (%)	Withdrawal Rate (%)
Up to 30 Years	3.00	3.00
From 31 to 44 Years	2.00	2.00
Above 44 Years	1.00	1.00

			(Amount in Rupees)
i.	Sensitivity analysis for gratuity liability	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
	Impact of the change in discount rate		
	Present value of obligation at the end of the year	17,373,764.00	17,631,824.00
	a) Impact due to increase of 0.50 %	(1,053,257.00)	(1,129,612.00)
	b) Impact due to decrease of 0.50 %	1,150,448.00	1,238,826.00

		(Amount in Rupees)
Impact of the change in salary increase	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	17,373,764.00	17,631,824.00
a) Impact due to increase of 0.50%	929,481.00	1,242,361.00
b) Impact due to decrease of 0.50 %	(914,282.00)	(1,142,798.00)

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Maturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Year		****
0 to 1 year	829,125.00	337,440.00
1 to 2 year	305,586.00	756,462.00
2 to 3 year	311,429.00	315,734.00
3 to 4 year	358,903.00	321,338.00
4 to 5 year	2,169,764.00	349,795.00
5 to 6 year	632,032.00	2,425,783.00
6 Year onward	12,766,925.00	13,125,272.00

1.	The major categories of plan assets are as follows: (As Percentage of total Plan Assets)	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
	Funds Managed by Insurer		_

### 2) Leave Encashment

Provision for leave encashment in respect of unavailed leaves standing to the credit of employees is made on actuarial basis. The Company does not maintain any fund to pay for leave encashment

# 3) Defined Contribution Plans

The Company also has defined contribution plan i.e. contributions to provident fund in India for employees. The Company makes contribution to statutory fund in accordance with Employees Provident Fund and Misc. Provision Act, 1952. This is post-employment benefit and is in the nature of defined contribution plan. The contributions are made to registered provident fund administered by the government. The provident fund contribution charged to statement of profit & loss for the year ended 31 March, 2021 amount to Rs. 7,33,205.00 (PY Rs. 11,91,136.00).

### Note 39: LEASES

Short Term Lease Payment debited to Statement of Profit and Loss Account Rs 46,03,725.64 (previous year Rs. 70,58,938.24/- pertaining to short term lease arrangement for a period of less than one year.

## Note 40: AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2021	Year Ended 31 March 2020	
Audit fees	50,000.00	50,000.00	
Certification charges	14,000.00	3,500.00	
Total	64,000.00	53,500.00	

### **Note 41: SEGMENT INFORMATION**

In line with the provisions of Ind AS 108 - Operating Segments and on the basis of review of operations being done by the management of the Company, the operations of the Company falls under real estate business, which is considered to be the only reportable segment by management.

(Amount in Rupees)

Revenue from operations	Year Ended 31 March 2021	Year Ended 31 March 2020	
Within India	623,867,606.91	1,693,167,588.25	
Outside India	-		
Total	623,867,606.91	1,693,167,588.25	

None of the non- current assets are held outside India.

No single customer represent 10% or more of Company's total revenue for the year ended 31st March, 2021.

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### **Note 42: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS**

## (i) Financial Assets by category

(Amount in Rupees) As at As at Particulars Note 31 March 2021 31 March 2020 Financial Assets Non Current Loans 4 15,000,433.00 14,871,433.00 Other Financial Assets 5 185,958.00 383,346.00 Current Trade Receivables 9 429,670,935.04 457,005,985.77 Cash & Cash Equivalents 10 169,442,899.05 37,719,953.73 Other bank balance 11 31,852,917.25 35,374,984.60 Loans 12 3,932,418,333.00 3,934,187,871.63 Other Financial Assets 13 3,189,161,444.34 2,696,276,032.08 Total Financial Assets 7,767,732,919.68 7,175,819,606.81 Financial Liabilities At Amortised Cost Non-current liabilities Borrowings 16 2,870,731,562.45 2,991,860,194.34 Trade Payables 1,128,756,424.63 17 450,020,115.67 Other Financial Liabilities 18 277,235,188.98 69,281,513.48 Current Liabilities Trade Payables 21 1,710,370,168.71 1,308,109,174.88 Other Financial Liabilities 22 8,070,522,344.51 7,732,249,929.35 **Total Financial Liabilities** 13,378,879,380.32 13,230,257,236.68

Investment in subsidiaries are measured at cost as per Ind AS 27, 'Separate financial statements'.

(ii) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost

(Amount in Rupece)

(Amount in Rupees)				
Particulars	As at 31 Ma	rch 2021	As at 31 Ma	rch 2020
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial Assets				
Non Current				
Loan	15,000,433.00	15,000,433.00	14,871,433.00	14,871,433.00
Other Financial Assets	185,958.00	185,958.00	383,346.00	383,346.00
Current				,
Trade Receivables	429,670,935.04	429,670,935.04	457,005,985.77	457,005,985.77
Cash & Cash Equivalents	169,442,899.05	169,442,899.05	37,719,953.73	37,719,953.73
Other bank balances	31,852,917.25	31,852,917.25	35,374,984.60	35,374,984.60
Loans	3,932,418,333.00	3,932,418,333.00	3,934,187,871.63	3,934,187,871.63
Other Financial Assets	3,189,161,444.34	3,189,161,444.34	2,696,276,032.08	2,696,276,032.08
Total Financial Assets	7,767,732,919.68	7,767,732,919.68	7,175,819,606.81	7,175,819,606.81
Financial Liabilities				
Non-current liabilities				
Borrowings	2,870,731,562.45	2,870,731,562.45	2,991,860,194.34	2,991,860,194.34
Trade Payables	450,020,115.67	450,020,115.67	1,128,756,424.63	1,128,756,424.63
Other Financial Liabilities	277,235,188.98	277,235,188.98	69,281,513.48	69,281,513.48
Current Liabilities				,201,010
Trade Payables	1,710,370,168.71	1,710,370,168.71	1,308,109,174.88	1,308,109,174.88
Other Financial Liabilities	8,070,522,344.51	8,070,522,344.51	7,732,249,929.35	7,732,249,929.35
Total Financial Liabilities	13,378,879,380.32	13,378,879,380.32	13,230,257,236.68	13,230,257,236.68

For short term financial assets and liabilities carried at amortized cost, the carrying value is reasonable approximation of fair value.

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### Note 43: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. The management has the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the related impact in

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty fails to discharge its obligation to the Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and financial assets measured at amortised cost. The Company continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls.

#### Credit risk management

Credit risk rating

The Company assesses and manages credit risk of financial assets based on following categories arrived on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets.

- A: Low credit risk on financial reporting date
- B: Moderate credit risk
- C: High credit risk

The Company provides for expected credit loss based on the following:

Credit risk	Basis of categorisation	Provision for expected credit loss
Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances and investment	12 month expected credit loss
Moderate credit risk	Trade receivables and other financial assets	Life time expected credit loss or 12 month expected credit loss

Based on business environment in which the Company operates, a default on a financial asset is considered when the counter party fails to make payments within the agreed time period as per contract. Loss rates reflecting defaults are based on actual credit loss experience and considering differences between current and historical economic

Assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or a litigation decided against the Company. The Company continues to engage with parties whose balances are written off and attempts to enforce repayment. Recoveries made are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Credit rating	Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
A: Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances and investment	210,195,816.30	81,994,938.33
B: Moderate credit risk	Trade receivables and other financial assets	7,566,437,103.38	7,102,724,668.48

## Concentration of trade receivables

Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers spread across various states in India with no significant concentration of credit risk. The Company do not envisage any financial difficulties resulting in higher credit risk higher than usual credit term due to COVID 19 outbreak.

## Credit risk exposure

## Provision for expected credit losses

The Company provides for 12 month expected credit losses for following financial assets -

As at 31 March 2021			(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Trade Receivables	429,670,935.04		429,670,935.04
Security deposits	42,097,883.00	-	42,097,883.00
Loan and Advance	7,094,668,285.34	-	7,094,668,285.34
Total	7,566,437,103.38	-	7,566,437,103.38

As at 31 March 2020			(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Trade Receivables	457,005,985.77		457,005,985.77
Security deposits	41,945,783.00	-	41,945,783.00
Loan and Advance	6,603,772,899.71	_	6,603,772,899.71
Total	7,102,724,668.48		7,102,724,668.48

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The Company considers provision for lifetime expected credit loss for trade receivables. Given the nature of business operations, the Company's receivables from real estate business has little history of losses as transfer of legal title of properties sold is generally passed on to the customer, once the Company receives the entire consideration. Therefore trade receivables have been considered as moderate credit risk financial assets. Further, during the periods presented, the Company has made no write-offs of receivables.

### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The Company takes into account the liquidity of the market in which the entity operates.

#### Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the financial liabilities into relevant maturity pattern based on their contractual maturities.

(Amount in Rupee

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	more than 3 Years	Total	Carrying Amount
As at 31 March 2021						
Long term borrowings	1,529,741,089.52	1,582,191,880.54	1,088,585,617.43	218,613,389.01	4,419,131,976.50	4,382,710,433,06
Trade Payables	1,710,370,168.71	395,038,017.67	35,646,498.00	19,335,600.00	2,160,390,284.38	2,160,390,284.38
Other Financial Liabilities	6,558,673,547.68	252,443,821.69	3,266,959.91	23,171,940.15	6,837,556,269.43	6,835,778,662.88
Total	9,798,784,805.91	2,229,673,719.90	1,127,499,075.34	261,120,929.16	13,417,078,530.31	13,378,879,380.32
As at 31 March 2020						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Long term borrowings	1,744,733,480.57	1,634,222,195.37	742,707,298.00	640,000,009.18	4,761,662,983.12	4,698,105,644.49
Trade Payables	1,308,109,174.88	745,289,603.76	369,449,454.86	14,017,366.01	2,436,865,599.51	2,436,865,599.51
Other Financial Liabilities	6,026,004,479.20	61,392,316.67	10,184,695.08	2,822,466.29	6,100,403,957.24	6,095,285,992.68
Total	9,078,847,134.65	2,440,904,115.80	1,122,341,447.94	656,839,841.48	13,298,932,539.87	13,230,257,236.68

#### Market risk Interest Rate risk

The Company's policy is to minimise interest rate cash flow risk exposures on long-term financing. At 31 March the Company is exposed to changes in market interest rates through bank borrowings at variable interest rates. Other borrowings are at fixed interest rates.

Company's exposure to interest rate risk on borrowings is as follows:

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Variable rate	4,416,466,122.50	4,712,152,869.12
Fixed rate	2,665,854.00	
Total	4,419,131,976.50	4,712,152,869.12

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of profit and equity to a possible change in interest rates of +/- 1% (31 March 2021: +/- 1% (31 March 2020: +/- 1% (3)). These changes are considered to be reasonably possible based on observation of current market conditions. The calculations are based on a change in the average market interest rate for each period, and the financial instruments held at each reporting date that are sensitive to changes in interest rates. All other variables are held constant.

		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	Profit for the year	Profit for the year
	+1%	-1%
31 March 2021	34,155,640.82	(34,155,640.82)
31 March 2020	39,653,436.57	(39,653,436,57)

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# Note 44: Related parties disclosures

	parties are classified as:
(a)	Ultimate Holding company
1	Guild Builders Private Limited
(b)	Holding company
1	Omaxe Limited
(c)	Subsidiary companies
1	Aadhira Developers Private Limited
2	Ashray Infrabuild Private Limited
3	Bhanu Infrabuild Private Limited
4	Sanvim Developers Private Limited
5	Shubh Bhumi Developers Private Limited
6	Silver Peak Township Private Limited
7	Aradhya Real Estate Private Limited
8	Chapal Buildhome Private Limited
9	Hiresh Builders Private Limited
10	Manit Developers Private Limited
11	Sarva Buildtech Private Limited
13	Dinkar Realcon Private Limited
13	Rupesh Infratech Private Limited  Dhanu Real Estate Private Limited
15	Aashna Realcon Private Limited
16	Caspian Realtors Private Limited
17	Sarthak Landcon Private Limited
18	Hemang Buildcon Private Limited
19	Devesh Technobuild Private Limited
20	Damodar Infratech Private Limited
21	Ekapad Developers Private Limited
22	Ayush Landcon Private Limited
23	Daman Builders Private Limited
24	Nri City Developers Private Limited
(d)	Fellow Subsidiary companies
1	Jagdamba Contractors and Builders Limited
2	Omaxe Garv Buildtech Private Limited (Formerly known as Garv Buildtech Private Limited)
3	Omaxe Buildwell Limited
4	Omaxe Buildhome Limited
5	Omaxe Infrastructure Limited
6	Omaxc World Street Private Limited(Formerly known as Robust Buildwell Private Limited)
7	Pancham Realcon Private Limited
8	Atulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited
9	Omaxe Forest Spa and Hills Developers Limited
(e)	Step subsidiary companies
1	Aarzoo Technobuild Private Limited
2	Abheek Builders Private Limited
3	Radiance Housing & Properties Private Limited
(f)	Entities under significant control
1	Dvm Realtors Private Limited
2	Arhant Infrabuild Private Limited
(g)	Subsidiary of fellow Subsidiary company
2	S N Realtors Private Limited
3	Omaxe India Trade Centre Private Limited
J	Reliable Manpower Solutions Limited

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# (B) TRANSACTION DURING THE YEAR WITH RELATED PARTIES:

(Amount in Rupees )

S.No.	Nature of Transactions	Year ended	Holding Company/ Fellow Subsidiaries/Subsidiary Company of Fellow Subsidiary Company	Subsidiaries	Entities over which key managerial personnel and/or their relatives exercise significant control	Total
1	Income from trading goods	31-Mar-21	2,505,081.00	5,653,210.00	-	8,158,291.00
	meane from trading goods	31-Mar-20	7,921,041.00	724,528.00	-	8,645,569.00
2	Interest income	31-Mar-21	139,221.18	-	-	139,221.18
		31-Mat-20	2,132,766.63	-	-	2,132,766.63
3	Sale of fixed assets	31-Mar-21	60,000.00	-	_	60,000.00
	one of face assets	31-Mar-20	170,375.00	-	~	170,375.00
4	Purchase of fixed assets	31-Mar-21	499,417.00		-	499,417.00
		31-Mar-20	8,500,645.00		-	8,500,645.00
5	Building material purchases	31-Mar-21	15,080,769.00	5,345,587.00	-	20,426,356.00
	Denoting material perchases	31-Mar-20	9,994,857.00	6,020,685.00	-	16,015,542.00
6	Construction Cost	31-Mar-21	7,479,260.00	-	~	7,479,260.00
	Construction Cost	31-Mar-20	34,041,187.00	-	-	34,041,187.00
7	Loan given (Net)	31-Mar-21	(1,792,638.63)	-	-	(1,792,638.63)
		31-Mar-20	6,689,032.63	-	_	6,689,032.63
8	Bank guarantee matured	31-Mar-21	50,000,000.00	-	-	50,000,000.00
	Man guarantee materieu	31-Mar-20	-	_	-	_ =

(Amount in Rupees )

		····		<b>,</b>		(Amount in Rupees )
S.No.	Nature of Transactions	Year ended	Holding Company/ Fellow Subsidiaries/Subsidiary Company of Fellow Subsidiary Company	Subsidiaries	Entities over which key managerial personnel and/or their relatives exercise significant control	Total
Balance	es as at 31st March, 2021					
1	Loans & advances recoverable	31-Mar-21	5,977,720,142.00	629,158,951.31	9,572,104.00	6,616,451,197.31
	Loans & advances recoverable	31-Mar-20	5,982,105,255.63	343,431,571.68	9,772,104.00	6,335,308,931.31
2	Trade payables	31-Mar-21	1,793,848.96	-	-	1,793,848.96
		31-Mar-20	18,767,729.36	-	-	18,767,729.36
3	Advances/balance outstanding	31-Mar-21	6,223,086,153.72	535,000.00	190,022,040.00	6,413,643,193.72
		31-Mar-20	5,692,173,667.77	571,000.00	189,367,040.00	5,882,111,707.77
4	Bank guarantees	31-Mar-21	222,810,350.00	-	-	222,810,350.00
	8	31-Mar-20	272,810,350.00	-	-	272,810,350.00
5	Corporate Guarantees (Amount outstanding in respect of Corporate Guarantee given on account of loan availed by holding company)	31-Mar-21	5,371,570,671.00	-	-	5,371,570,671.00
		31-Mar-20	5,144,465,432.00	-	-	5,144,465,432.00

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Particular	Relationship	2020-21	(.\mount in Ruj 2019-20
	Relationship	2020-21	2019-20
Income from trading goods			
Omaxe Limited	Holding Company	2,336,415.00	2,915,105
agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	-	3,510,54
Omaxe Gary Buildtech Private Limited (Formerly known as Gary			
Buildtech Private Limited)	Fellow Subsidiaries	-	295,233
Omaxe Forest Spa and Hills Developers Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	-	863,588
Omaxe World Street Private Limited(Formerly known as Robust Buildwell Private Limited)	0.11.01.11.1	20.02400	***
Atulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries Fellow Subsidiaries	30,834.00	309,52
Omaxe Buildhome Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	35,869.00	7,310
Onace Duidhone Firmed	Subsidiary Company of Fellow	101,963.00	
S N Realtors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company Subsidiary Company		10.72
Bhanu Infrabuild Private Limited	Subsidiary	5,653,210.00	19,73 724,52
The same of the sa	Substanty	3,033,210.00	724,32
Interest income			
agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	139,221.18	2,132,76
V			=,132,70
			1114
Sale of fixed assets Omaxe Limited			
Dinaxe Limited	Holding Company	60,000.00	170,37
Purchase of fixed assets			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Omaxe Limited	Holding Company	499,417.00	1.017.50
agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	477,417.00	1,017,59 7,483,05
	1 chow outsidaties		7,483,03
Building material purchases	***************************************		
Omaxe Limited	Holding Company	8,591,317.00	6,894,07
agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	2,378,227.00	2,073,21
Atulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	2,377,234.00	297,98
Omaxe World Street Private Limited(Formerly known as Robust			
Buildwell Private Limited)	Fellow Subsidiaries Subsidiary Company of Fellow	252,348.00	292,23
N Realtors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company of Pellow Subsidiary Company		202.20
Omaxe Forest Spa and Hills Developers Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	510,333.00	203,30 226,36
Omaxe Garv Buildtech Private Limited (Formerly known as Garv	T CHOW Edgerchieres	310,333.00	220,30
Buildtech Private Limited)	Fellow Subsidiaries	869,049.00	
Omaxe Buildhome Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	67.932.00	
Juane Dandurone Farmed	Petrow Subsidiaries	67,932.00	
Omaxe Buildwell Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	34,329.00	
	Subsidiary Company of Fellow		
Omaxe India Trade Centre Private Limited	Subsidiary Company		7,69
Bhanu Infrabuild Private Limited	Subsidiary	5,345,587.00	6,020,68
100			
Construction Cost		-	
agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	7,479,260.00	34,041,18
oan given (Net)			
Omaxe Gary Buildtech Private Limited (Formerly known as Gary			*****
Buildtech Private Limited)	Fellow Subsidiaries	(1,054,770.00)	10 504 72
agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	(737,868.63)	10,506,730
S-market 13mmed	Tellow Subsidiaries	(737,000.03)	(3,817,69
Bank Guarantee Matured			
	Holding Company	50,000,000.00	
Dmaxe Limited			



B	ALANCES AS AT 31st MARCH, 2021			
				(Amount in Rupees)
<b>D</b> .:	rticular		As at	As at
1.5	nucum	Relationship	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
	Loans & advances recoverable	Technology (Control of the Control o	out thirting book	o sot tractety money
	Bhanu Infrabuild Private Limited	Subsidiary	598,275,856.31	312,548,476.68
	Shubh Bhumi Developers Private Limited	Subsidiary	30,883,095.00	30,883,095.00
_	Pancham Realcon Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	2,072,399,259.00	2,072,500,000.00
			2,012,022,202100	2,012,000,000.00
	Omaxe Garv Buildtech Private Limited (Formerly known as Garv Buildtech Private Limited)	Fellow Subsidiaries	2 005 220 002 00	3,906,375,653.00
	[agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited]	Fellow Subsidiaries	3,905,320,883.00	737,868.63
	Omaxe Forest Spa and Hills Developers Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	-	
	Omaxe Buildwell Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries		723,844.00
	Arhant Infabuild Private Limited		-	1,767,890.00
	Attract thrabung ravate familed	Entities over which key		
		managerial personnel and/or		
		their relatives exercise significant	0 5 7 2 4 0 4 0 0	0.770.404.00
		control	9,572,104.00	9,772,104.00
	Trade payables			
	Jagdamba Contractors and Builders Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	1,793,848.96	18,361,110.36
	Atulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	1,793,040.90	406,619.00
	Attual Contractors and Constituenous I ivac familied	renow Subsidiaries		400,019.00
3	Advances/balance outstanding	***************************************		
	Omaxe Limited	Holding Company	6,213,333,960.26	5,680,808,188.31
	Omaxe Infrastructure Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	*	781,771.00
	D. P. 11 AC.	Subsidiary Company of Fellow		
	Reliable Manpower Solutions Limited	Subsidiary Company	9,508,204.46	9,508,204.46
	Omaxe World Street Private Limited(Formerly known as Robust			
	Buildwell Private Limited)	Fellow Subsidiaries	201,573.00	257,238.00
	Omaxe Forest Spa and Hills Developers Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	38,916.00	-
	Atulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	3,500.00	=
		Subsidiary Company of Fellow		
	S N Realtors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company		216,609.00
		Subsidiary Company of Fellow		
	Omaxe India Trade Centre Private Limited	Subsidiary Company		601,657.00
	NRI City Developers Private Limited	Subsidiary	535,000.00	571,000.00
		Entities over which key		
		managerial personnel and/or		
	State to the state of	their relatives exercise significant		
	DVM Realtors Private Limited	control	190,022,040.00	189,367,040.00
	Bank guarantees			
	Omaxe Limited	Holding Company	222,810,350.00	272,810,350.00
_	Omac Dillicu	rioloning Company	222,810,330.00	<u> 474,810,330.00</u>
_				
	Corporate Guarantees			
	(Amount outstanding in respect of Corporate Guarantee	. 1		
5	· 9 · 1 · 1			<b></b>
	Omaxe Limited	Holding Company	5,371,570,671.00	5,144,465,432.00

5,371,570,671.00 5,1

## Note 45: CAPITAL MANAGEMENT POLICIES

## (a) Capital Management

The Company's capital management objectives are to ensure the Company's ability to continue as a going concern as well as to provide an adequate return to shareholders by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk.

The Company monitors capital on the basis of the carrying amount of equity plus its subordinated loan, less cash and cash equivalents as presented on the face of the statement of financial position and cash flow hedges recognised in other comprehensive income.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The amounts managed as capital by the Company are summarised as follows:

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Long term Borrowings	4,382,710,433.06	4,698,105,644.49
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(169,442,899.05)	(37,719,953.73)
Net debt	4,213,267,534.01	4,660,385,690.76
Total equity	6,832,863.64	(71,458,503.39)
Net debt to equity ratio	616.62	-

Note 46: The outbreak of Coronavirus (COVID-19) pendemic globally and in India is causing significant disturbance and slowdown of economic activity. The management of the Company have made its own assessment of impact of the outbreak of COVID-19 on business operations of the Company and have concluded that no adjustments are required to be made in the financial statement as it does not impact current financial year. However, the situation with COVID-19 is still evolving. Also the various preventive measures taken by Government of India are still in force leading to highly uncertain economic environment. Due to these circumstances, the management's assessment of the impact on the subsequent period is dependent upon the circumstances as they evolve. The Company continues to monitor the impact of COVID-19 on its business including its impact on customer, associates, contractors, vendors etc.

# Note 47: STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) notifies new Indian Accounting Standard or amendment there to. There is no such notification which would have been made applicable from 01.04.2021.

Note 48: The Previous year figures have been regrouped/ reclassified, wherever necessary, to make them comparable with current year figures.

As per our audit report of even date attached

For and on behalf of

BSD&Co.

(Regn. No. -0003128) Chartered Accountants

New Delhi

Sujata Sharma

Partner

M.No. 087919

Place: New Delhi Date: 28 June 2021 For and on behalf of board of directors

Kamal Kishore Gupta

Director

DIN:02180278

Bhupendra Singh

Chief Executive Officer/Director

DIN:02548347

Serve Mitter Kamboj

Chief Finance Officer

Richa Bhardwai

Company Secretary